



## INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

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| <b>(21) International Application Number:</b> PCT/US96/19941<br><b>(22) International Filing Date:</b> 13 December 1996 (13.12.96)<br><b>(30) Priority Data:</b><br>08/571,758 13 December 1995 (13.12.95) US<br><b>(71) Applicant:</b> THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA [US/US]; 22nd floor, 300 Lakeside Drive, Oakland, CA 94612-3350 (US).<br><b>(72) Inventors:</b> RUBIN, Gerry; University of California, Berkeley, MCB, 454 LSA Building, Berkeley, CA 94720 (US). THERRIEN, Marc; University of California, Berkeley, MCB, 454 LSA Building, Berkeley, CA 94720 (US). CHANG, Henry; University of California, Berkeley, MCB, 454 LSA Building, Berkeley, CA 94720 (US). KARIM, Felix; University of California, Berkeley, MCB, 454 LSA Building, Berkeley, CA 94720 (US). WASSARMAN, David; University of California, Berkeley, MCB, 454 LSA Building, Berkeley, CA 94720 (US).<br><b>(74) Agent:</b> OSMAN, Richard, Aron; Science & Technology Law Group, Suite 3200, 268 Bush Street, San Francisco, CA 94111-4187 (US). |           | <b>(81) Designated States:</b> AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, ARIPO patent (KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).<br><br><b>Published</b><br><i>Without international search report and to be republished upon receipt of that report.</i> |
| <b>(54) Title:</b> A NOVEL PROTEIN KINASE REQUIRED FOR RAS SIGNAL TRANSDUCTION<br><b>(57) Abstract</b><br><p>The kinase suppressor of Ras (Ksr), a novel protein kinase involved in the regulation of cell growth and differentiation, provides an important target for therapeutic intervention. The subject compositions also include nucleic acids which encode a Ksr kinase, and hybridization probes and primers capable of hybridizing with a Ksr gene. Such probes are used to identify mutant Ksr alleles associated with disease. The invention includes methods, including phosphorylation and binding assays, for screening chemical libraries for lead compounds for a pharmacological agent useful in the diagnosis or treatment of disease associated Ksr activity or Ksr-dependent signal transduction.</p>  |           |  |

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*A Novel Protein Kinase Required for Ras Signal Transduction*

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## INTRODUCTION

## Field of the Invention

The field of the invention is a protein kinase required for Ras signal transduction and its use in pharmaceutical screens.

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## Background

Ras plays a crucial role in diverse cellular processes, such as proliferation and differentiation, where it functions as a nodal point transmitting signals originating from receptor tyrosine kinases (RTKs) to a variety of effector molecules (reviewed in McCormick, 1994a; van der Geer et al., 1994; Burgering and Bos, 1995). Ras activation, which involves a switch from an inactive GDP-bound to an active GTP-bound state, is promoted by a guanine nucleotide-exchange factor. Upon RTK activation, the exchange factor is recruited by an SH2/SH3 domain-containing adaptor molecule to the RTK at the plasma membrane where it can contact and activate Ras. GTP-bound Ras then transmits the signal to downstream effector molecules.

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The protein serine/threonine kinase Raf has been identified as a major effector of Ras (reviewed in Daum et al., 1994; McCormick, 1994b). Upon Ras activation, Raf is recruited to the plasma membrane by a direct interaction with Ras, where it is subsequently activated by an unknown mechanism. Raf activation initiates an evolutionarily conserved pathway involving two other kinases, MEK (MAPK Kinase) and MAPK (Mitogen-Activated Protein Kinase) that convey signals to the nucleus through a directional series of activating phosphorylations (reviewed in Marshall, 1994). Although this model for Ras-dependent signal transduction is well-supported, there are still major issues that remain poorly understood. One of them is the mechanism by which Raf is activated. Recent evidence suggests that once recruited to the plasma membrane Raf is activated by phosphorylation (Dent and Sturgill, 1994; Dent et al., 1995). However, a candidate kinase(s) has yet to be identified. Another unresolved issue is the nature of other Ras effectors as well as the pathways they control. Although Raf is clearly a major Ras target, it can not account for all of the cellular responses mediated by Ras (for example see White et al., 1995).

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Ectopic expression of an activated Ras1 allele, Ras1<sup>V12</sup>, in the developing Drosophila eye transforms non-neuronal cone cells into R7 photoreceptor cells (Fortini et al., 1992). Similar results are obtained by expression of an activated Drosophila Raf allele, D-Raf<sup>Torso4021</sup> (Dickson et al., 1992). We carried out a genetic screen designed to isolate mutations that modify the signaling efficiency of Ras1<sup>V12</sup>. Most mutations that decreased the signaling efficiency of Ras1<sup>V12</sup> also decreased the efficiency of D-Raf<sup>Torso4021</sup> signaling. However, two groups of mutations were identified that did not alter D-Raf<sup>Torso4021</sup> signaling. We disclose here the characterization of their respective loci. The *Suppressor of Ras1 2-2 (SR2-2)* locus encodes a protein homologous to the catalytic subunit of the prenylation enzyme type I geranylgeranyl transferase. We have renamed this locus *βGGT-1*. The second locus, *SR3-1*, encodes a novel protein kinase distantly related to Raf kinase members. Based on its sequence and the ability of mutants to reduce Ras1-mediated signaling, we renamed this locus *kinase suppressor of ras (ksr)*. In addition to its function in the Sevenless RTK pathway, we show that *ksr* is also required for signaling by the Torso RTK. We have isolated mouse and human homologs of *ksr*. Together, these data indicate that Ksr is an evolutionarily conserved component of the Ras signaling pathway. As such, the human Ksr provides an important target for pharmaceutical intervention.

#### Relevant Literature

Recent reports on Raf activation include Dent and Sturgill, 1994; Dent et al., 1995; White et al., 1995, Yao et al, 1995; and a recent review by Marshall, 1994.

#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The invention provides methods and compositions relating to a novel protein kinase involved in the regulation of cell growth and differentiation: kinase suppressor of Ras (Ksr). As such, the kinase provides an important target for therapeutic intervention. The subject compositions also include nucleic acids which encode a Ksr kinase, and hybridization probes and primers capable of hybridizing with a Ksr gene. Such probes are used to identify mutant Ksr alleles associated with disease.

The invention includes methods for screening chemical libraries for lead compounds for a pharmacological agent useful in the diagnosis or treatment of disease associated Ksr activity or Ksr-dependent signal transduction. In one embodiment, the methods involve (1) forming a mixture comprising a Ksr, a natural intracellular Ksr substrate or binding target such as the 14-3-3 gene product, and a candidate pharmacological agent; (2) incubating the mixture under conditions

whereby, but for the presence of said candidate pharmacological agent, said Ksr selectively phosphorylates said substrate or binds said binding target at a control rate; and (3) detecting the presence or absence of a change in the specific phosphorylation of said substrate by said Ksr or phosphorylation or binding of said Ksr to said binding target, wherein such a change indicates that said candidate pharmacological agent is a lead compound for a pharmacological agent capable of modulating Ksr function.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

A *Drosophila melanogaster*, a *Drosophila virilis*, a murine and a human ksr encoding sequence are set out in SEQ ID NO: 1, 3, 5 and 7, respectively. A *Drosophila melanogaster*, a *Drosophila virilis*, a murine and a human ksr protein sequence are set out in SEQ ID NO: 2, 4, 6 and 8, respectively. Ksr proteins necessarily include a disclosed ksr kinase domain. Hence, Ksr proteins include deletion mutants of natural ksr proteins retaining the ksr kinase domain.

Natural nucleic acids encoding ksr proteins are readily isolated from cDNA libraries with PCR primers and hybridization probes containing portions of the nucleic acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1, 3, 5 and 7. Preferred ksr nucleic acids are capable of hybridizing with one of these sequences under low stringency conditions defined by a hybridization buffer consisting essentially of 1% Bovine Serum Albumin (BSA); 500 mM sodium phosphate ( $\text{NaPO}_4$ ); 1 mM EDTA; 7% SDS at a temperature of 42°C and a wash buffer consisting essentially of 2X SSC (600 mM NaCl; 60 mM Na Citrate); 0.1% SDS at 50°C; more preferably under low stringency conditions defined by a hybridization buffer consisting essentially of 1% Bovine Serum Albumin (BSA); 500 mM sodium phosphate ( $\text{NaPO}_4$ ); 15% formamide; 1 mM EDTA; 7% SDS at a temperature of 50°C and a wash buffer consisting essentially of 1X SSC (300 mM NaCl; 30 mM Na Citrate); 0.1% SDS at 50°C; most preferably under low stringency conditions defined by a hybridization buffer consisting essentially of 1% Bovine Serum Albumin (BSA); 200 mM sodium phosphate ( $\text{NaPO}_4$ ); 15% formamide; 1mM EDTA; 7% SDS at a temperature of 50°C and a wash buffer consisting essentially of 0.5X SSC (150 mM NaCl; 15 mM Na Citrate); 0.1% SDS at 65°C.

The subject nucleic acids are recombinant, meaning they comprise a sequence joined to a nucleotide other than that to which sequence is naturally joined and isolated from a natural environment. The nucleic acids may be part of Ksr-expression vectors and may be incorporated into cells for expression and screening, transgenic animals for functional studies (e.g. the efficacy of candidate drugs for disease associated with expression of a Ksr), etc. These nucleic acids find a wide variety of applications including use as templates for transcription, hybridization probes,

PCR primers, therapeutic nucleic acids, etc.; use in detecting the presence of Ksr genes and gene transcripts, in detecting or amplifying nucleic acids encoding additional Ksr homologs and structural analogs, and in gene therapy applications, e.g. using antisense nucleic acids or ribozymes comprising the disclosed Ksr sequences or their complements or reverse complements.

The invention also provides Ksr-specific binding reagents such as antibodies. Such reagents find a wide variety of application in biomedical research and diagnostics. For example, antibodies specific for mutant Ksr allele-products are used to identify mutant phenotypes associated with pathogenesis. Methods for making allele-specific antibodies are known in the art. For example, an mKsr-specific antibody was generated by immunizing mice with a unique N-terminal mKsr peptide (residues 118-249) GST fusion.

The invention provides efficient methods of identifying pharmacological agents or lead compounds for agents active at the level of a Ksr modulatable cellular function, particularly Ksr mediated signal transduction. For example, we have found that a binding complex comprising Ksr, 14-3-3 and Raf exists in stimulated cells; modulators of the stability of this complex effect signal transduction. Generally, the screening methods involve assaying for compounds which interfere with a Ksr activity such as kinase activity or target binding. The methods are amenable to automated, cost-effective high throughput screening of chemical libraries for lead compounds. Identified reagents find use in the pharmaceutical industries for animal and human trials; for example, the reagents may be derivatized and rescreened in in vitro and in vivo assays to optimize activity and minimize toxicity for pharmaceutical development. Target therapeutic indications are limited only in that the target cellular function be subject to modulation, usually inhibition, by disruption of the formation of a complex comprising Ksr and one or more natural Ksr intracellular binding targets including substrates or otherwise modulating Ksr kinase activity. Target indications may include infection, genetic disease, cell growth and regulatory or immunologic dysfunction, such as neoplasia, inflammation, hypersensitivity, etc.

A wide variety of assays for binding agents are provided including labeled in vitro kinase assays, protein-protein binding assays, immunoassays, cell based assays, etc. The Ksr compositions used in the methods are recombinantly produced from nucleic acids having the disclosed Ksr nucleotide sequences. The Ksr may be part of a fusion product with another peptide or polypeptide, e.g. a polypeptide that is capable of providing or enhancing protein-protein binding, stability under assay conditions (e.g. a tag for detection or anchoring), etc.

The assay mixtures comprise one or more natural intracellular Ksr binding targets including substrates, such as the 14-3-3 gene product, or, in the case of an autophosphorylation assay, the Ksr

itself can function as the binding target. A Ksr-derived pseudosubstrate may be used or modified (e.g. A to S/T substitutions) to generate effective substrates for use in the subject kinase assays as can synthetic peptides or other protein substrates. Generally, Ksr-specificity of the binding agent is shown by kinase activity (i.e. the agent demonstrates activity of an Ksr substrate, agonist, antagonist, etc.) or binding equilibrium constants (usually at least about  $10^6 \text{ M}^{-1}$ , preferably at least about  $10^8 \text{ M}^{-1}$ , more preferably at least about  $10^9 \text{ M}^{-1}$ ). A wide variety of cell-based and cell-free assays may be used to demonstrate Ksr-specific binding; preferred are rapid in vitro, cell-free assays such as mediating or inhibiting Ksr-protein binding, phosphorylation assays, immunoassays, etc.

The assay mixture also comprises a candidate pharmacological agent. Candidate agents encompass numerous chemical classes, though typically they are organic compounds; preferably small organic compounds and are obtained from a wide variety of sources including libraries of synthetic or natural compounds. A variety of other reagents may also be included in the mixture. These include reagents like salts, buffers, neutral proteins, e.g. albumin, detergents, etc. which may be used to facilitate optimal binding and/or reduce non-specific or background interactions, etc. Also, reagents that otherwise improve the efficiency of the assay, such as protease inhibitors, nuclease inhibitors, antimicrobial agents, etc. may be used.

In a preferred in vitro, binding assay, a mixture of a protein comprising at least one of the conserved Ksr domains, including CA1, CA2, CA3, CA4 and the kinase domain (see Table 1), one or more binding targets or substrates and the candidate agent is incubated under conditions whereby, but for the presence of the candidate pharmacological agent, the Ksr specifically binds the cellular binding target at a first binding affinity or phosphorylates the substrate at a first rate. After incubation, a second binding affinity or rate is detected. Detection may be effected in any convenient way. For cell-free binding assays, one of the components usually comprises or is coupled to a label. The label may provide for direct detection as radioactivity, luminescence, optical or electron density, etc. or indirect detection such as an epitope tag, an enzyme, etc. A variety of methods may be used to detect the label depending on the nature of the label and other assay components. For example, the label may be detected bound to the solid substrate or a portion of the bound complex containing the label may be separated from the solid substrate, and thereafter the label detected.

The following experiments and examples are offered by way of illustration and not by way of limitation.

## EXPERIMENTAL

Mutations in the *SR2-2* and *SR3-1* loci suppress the eye phenotype of activated Ras1 but not that of activated D-Raf.

Ectopic expression of activated Ras1 (Ras1<sup>V12</sup>) under control of *sevenless* (*sev*) promoter/enhancer sequences (*sev-Ras1<sup>V12</sup>*) transforms cone cells into R7 photoreceptor cells (Fortini et al., 1992). These extra R7 cells disorganize the ommatidial array, which causes a roughening of the external eye surface. The severity of eye roughness appears proportional to the strength of Ras1<sup>V12</sup>-mediated signaling since two copies of the transgene produce a much more disrupted eye than one copy. We took advantage of this sensitized system to conduct a screen for mutations that reduce (suppressors) or increase (enhancers) the degree of eye roughness. We reasoned that a two-fold reduction in the dose of a gene (by mutating one of its two copies) that functions downstream of Ras1 should dominantly alter signaling strength which in turn should visibly modify the roughness of the eye. Based on this assumption, we screened ~200,000 EMS- and ~650,000 X-ray-mutagenized progeny for dominant modifiers of the Ras1<sup>V12</sup>-mediated rough eye phenotype. 18 complementation groups of suppressors with multiple alleles and 13 complementation groups of enhancers of *sev-Ras1<sup>V12</sup>* were isolated.

To characterize further the various groups of suppressors, we tested their ability to suppress dominantly the extra R7 cell phenotype caused by overexpression of an activated *Drosophila* Raf allele (*sE-Raf<sup>Tor4021</sup>*). Since Raf functions directly downstream of Ras, we expected most of our suppressor groups to modify similarly the *sE-Raf<sup>Tor4021</sup>* phenotype. Interestingly, two recessive lethal suppressor groups, *SR2-2* and *SR3-1* did not reduce the number of extra R7 cells produced by D-Raf<sup>Tor4021</sup> expression. Scanning electron micrographs of adult eyes illustrate the suppressor phenotypes of one *SR3-1* allele. Similar results were obtained with multiple *SR2-2* and *SR3-1* alleles. We also monitored the suppression of extra R7 cells by counting the number of R7 photoreceptors in cross-sections of adult fly retinac. In wild-type there is one R7 cell per ommatidium, whereas in *sev-Ras1<sup>V12</sup>/+* flies we observed 2.3 (n=437) R7 cells per ommatidium. This number was reduced to 1.2 (n=481) R7 cells per ommatidium in *sev-Ras1<sup>V12</sup>/+; SR3-1<sup>S-638</sup>/+* flies. In *sE-Raf<sup>Tor4021</sup>/+* flies, 2.3 (n=302) R7 cells per ommatidium were observed. However, this number remained at 2.3 (n=474) in *sE-Raf<sup>Tor4021</sup>/+; SR3-1<sup>S-638</sup>/+* flies reflecting the inability of *SR3-1* mutations to alter *sE-Raf<sup>Tor4021</sup>* signaling strength.

Targeting of Ras1<sup>V12</sup> to the plasma membrane by myristylation distinguishes *SR2-2* from *SR3-1*.

Prenylation of the C-terminal CAAX box (C=cysteine, A=aliphatic residue, X=any amino acid) is the major post-translational modification specific to all Ras-like GTPases. When the residue at position "X" is a leucine, as in Ras1, a geranylgeranyl group is added by a type I



geranylgeranyl transferase. The addition of this lipidic moiety is required to attach Ras to the plasma membrane (reviewed in Glomset and Farnsworth, 1994). Deletion of the CAAX box abolishes Ras function (Willumsen et al., 1984; Kato et al., 1992), however its activity can be restored if it is brought to the membrane by another localization signal, such as a myristyl group (Buss et al., 1989).

5 One possibility to account for the ability of a mutant to suppress *sev-Ras1<sup>V12</sup>* but not *sE-Raf<sup>Tor4021</sup>* is that the locus encodes an enzyme that is required for the membrane localization of Ras1. Consequently, mutations in this locus would not affect D-Raf<sup>Tor4021</sup>. To directly test this possibility, we asked if *SR2-2* or *SR3-1* alleles could suppress activated Ras1 if it is targeted to the membrane by an alternative mechanism. We targeted Ras1<sup>V12</sup> to the membrane by fusing the first 90 amino  
10 acids of Drosophila Src kinase (D-Src; Simon et al., 1985), which contains a myristylation signal, to Ras1<sup>V12</sup> deleted of its CAAX box (*sev-Src90Ras1<sup>V12ΔCAAX</sup>*). While the CAAX box-deleted Ras1<sup>V12</sup> is inactive, Src90Ras1<sup>V12ΔCAAX</sup> produces the same phenotype as Ras1<sup>V12</sup>; that is, it generates extra R7 cells and disrupts the ommatidial array.

We crossed *sev-Src90Ras1<sup>V12ΔCAAX</sup>* flies to *SR2-2* and *SR3-1* alleles and analyzed the rough  
15 eye phenotype. *SR2-2<sup>S-2110</sup>* did not suppress the rough eye phenotype while *SR3-1<sup>S-638</sup>* suppressed the rough eye phenotype and the production of extra R7 cells. These observations indicate that *SR2-2* is involved in prenylation of Ras1 while *SR3-1* encodes a component of the Ras1 pathway that is not involved in the process of Ras1 membrane localization.

The *SR2-2* locus encodes the Drosophila homolog of the β-subunit of type I geranylgeranyl  
20 transferase.

The *SR2-2* locus was meiotically mapped to 2-15 (cytological position 25B-C), based on the ability of different mutant alleles to suppress *sev-Ras1<sup>V12</sup>*. One of the seven recessive lethal *SR2-2* alleles recovered contains an X-ray-induced inversion (*SR2-2<sup>S-2126</sup>*) with a breakpoint at 25B4-6. Genomic DNA spanning this breakpoint was isolated and used to screen a Drosophila eye-antennal  
25 imaginal disc cDNA library (see Experimental Procedures). A single class of cDNAs (ranging in size from 0.8 to 1.6 kb) defining a transcription unit disrupted by the inversion present in *SR2-2<sup>S-2126</sup>*, was identified and characterized. Conceptual translation of the longest open reading frame (ORF) defined by these cDNAs predicts a protein of 395 amino acids. Determination of the gene structure by sequencing the corresponding genomic region revealed four exons with the first in-  
30 frame methionine located at the beginning of the second exon. The *SR2-2<sup>S-2126</sup>* inversion breakpoint maps to the 5'-end of the transcript. Further confirmation that this ORF corresponds to the *SR2-2* gene, was provided by sequence analysis of two other mutant alleles, *SR2-2<sup>S-483</sup>* and *SR2-2<sup>S-2554</sup>*, both

of which have small deletions that remove the first exon and part of the 5' regulatory sequences. A search of the current protein databases with this ORF indicated that the *SR2-2* gene encodes the *Drosophila* homolog of the catalytic  $\beta$ -subunit of type I geranylgeranyl transferase ( $\beta$ GGT-I) (Marshall, 1993). Sequence alignment with the human and the yeast *S. pombe*  $\beta$ GGT-I proteins shows a high degree of evolutionary conservation. The human sequence is 44% identical (69% similar) to the *Drosophila* sequence throughout the entire ORF while the yeast sequence is 36% identical (57% similar) to the *Drosophila* protein. We therefore renamed this locus,  *$\beta$ GGT-I*.

The *SR3-1* locus encodes a novel protein kinase.

The ability of *SR3-1* mutant alleles to suppress the *sev-Ras1<sup>V12</sup>* phenotype was meiotically mapped to 3-47.5, which corresponds to a region near the chromocenter of the third chromosome. The map position was further refined by showing that *SR3-1* meiotically maps between two P-elements inserted at 82F8-10 and 83A5-6, respectively. X-ray-induced chromosomal deletions were generated by selecting *w* revertants of one of the P-element insertions. One such deletion, *Df(3R)e1025-14*, which removes the chromosomal region from 82F8-10 to 83A1-3, complemented the *SR3-1*-associated lethality. Taken together, these results indicated that the *SR3-1* locus lies between 83A1-3, the distal breakpoint of *Df(3R)e1025-14*, and 83A5-6, the insertion site of *P[w<sup>+</sup>]5E2*.

Five overlapping cosmids which cover this chromosomal region were recovered by chromosome walking. To identify restriction site polymorphisms that might have been induced in the *SR3-1* alleles, these cosmids were used to probe genomic DNA blots prepared from 9 independent X-ray-induced *SR3-1* alleles. Cosmid III revealed polymorphisms in a *Bam*HI restriction digest of two alleles, *SR3-1<sup>S-69</sup>* and *SR3-1<sup>S-311</sup>*. No other cosmid revealed polymorphisms in the 9 tested alleles. A 7 kb *Sac*II genomic fragment which spans the polymorphic *Bam*HI fragments was introduced into the germline by P-element-mediated transformation. This genomic fragment, tested in transgenic flies, rescued both the lethality and the *sev-Ras1<sup>V12</sup>*-suppression ability of three independent *SR3-1* alleles. A single class of cDNAs that was totally encoded by the 7kb genomic fragment was identified by screening a *Drosophila* eye-antennal imaginal disc cDNA library and sequenced. The longest cDNA clone represents a transcript of 3.6 kb which is close to the size of a full-length transcript since RNA blot analysis identified a single band of similar size. Sequence analysis of the genomic region revealed that this transcript is encoded by a single exon. Conceptual translation of the longest ORF predicts a protein of 966 amino acids. The presence of an in-frame stop codon upstream of the predicted initiating methionine indicates that this cDNA contains the complete ORF.

A search of current protein databases indicated that *SR3-1* encodes a novel protein kinase. The putative catalytic domain, which is C-terminal, contains the characteristic eleven conserved sub-domains found in eukaryotic kinases (Hardie and Hanks, 1995) and is preceded by a long N-terminal region with three distinctive features: a cysteine-rich domain similar to those found in Protein Kinase C isozymes (Hubbard et al., 1991) and Raf kinases (Bruder et al., 1992); four  
5 sequences that match the consensus phosphorylation site (PXS/TP) for MAPK (Marshall, 1994); and a block of amino acids rich in serines and threonines followed by a conserved motif (FXFPXXS/T) that resembles the sequence around the Conserved Region 2 (CR2) domain of Raf kinases (Heidecker et al., 1992). Since the *SR3-1* locus encodes a putative protein kinase and mutant alleles were isolated as suppressors of *sev-Ras1<sup>v12</sup>*, we renamed this locus *kinase suppressor of ras* (*ksr*).  
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Further confirmation that this gene corresponds to the *ksr* (*SR3-1*) locus was provided by sequencing three *ksr* alleles which revealed mutations disrupting the Ksr ORF (Table 1).

Table 1: Sequence comparison of the Ksr kinases.

|                                      |  |                         |  |  |                          |
|--------------------------------------|--|-------------------------|--|--|--------------------------|
| Dm Ksr<br>Dr Ksr<br>mKsr-1<br>mKsr-2 | ...asnhNNA...pAsAPDguf...nandpisdslsvonlv...<br>...asnhNNA...pAsAPDguf...nandpisdslsvonlv...<br>...asnhNNA...pAsAPDguf...nandpisdslsvonlv...<br>...asnhNNA...pAsAPDguf...nandpisdslsvonlv...   | CA1<br>A<br>99 (8-648)  | ...qadidsemliegrtqcaladitqetleakiv...<br>...qadidsemliegrtqcaladitqetleakiv...<br>...qadidsemliegrtqcaladitqetleakiv...<br>...qadidsemliegrtqcaladitqetleakiv... | ...eelliaKMrIneripangivph...Temeirqulrvug 112<br>...eelliaKMrIneripangivph...Temeirqulrvug 112<br>...eelliaKMrIneripangivph...Temeirqulrvug 112<br>...eelliaKMrIneripangivph...Temeirqulrvug 112 | 116<br>115<br>117        |
| Dm Ksr<br>Dr Ksr<br>mKsr-1<br>mKsr-2 | ...leqGtITaciarlttlegqIRldeeiRqldgPqRaseelrritRanQnirkmesizadta...<br>...leqGtITaciarlttlegqIRldeeiRqldgPqRaseelrritRanQnirkmesizadta...<br>...leqGtITaciarlttlegqIRldeeiRqldgPqRaseelrritRanQnirkmesizadta...<br>...leqGtITaciarlttlegqIRldeeiRqldgPqRaseelrritRanQnirkmesizadta... | CA2<br>A<br>100 (8-648) | ...asnhdpqwhdwdr...pThhrgrvgn...<br>...asnhdpqwhdwdr...pThhrgrvgn...<br>...asnhdpqwhdwdr...pThhrgrvgn...<br>...asnhdpqwhdwdr...pThhrgrvgn...                     | ...igigNnastoprThhrqhvqKkns 239<br>...igigNnastoprThhrqhvqKkns 239<br>...igigNnastoprThhrqhvqKkns 239<br>...igigNnastoprThhrqhvqKkns 239   | 235<br>233<br>236        |
| Dm Ksr<br>Dr Ksr<br>mKsr-1<br>mKsr-2 | ...ALANSTnFKaGRQaPSATEeLNSTQsqdltlttpeppnspftpsagLsasWgtpqrer...<br>...ALANSTnFKaGRQaPSATEeLNSTQsqdltlttpeppnspftpsagLsasWgtpqrer...<br>...ALANSTnFKaGRQaPSATEeLNSTQsqdltlttpeppnspftpsagLsasWgtpqrer...<br>...ALANSTnFKaGRQaPSATEeLNSTQsqdltlttpeppnspftpsagLsasWgtpqrer...         | CA3<br>A<br>101 (8-648) | ...stpppzhnqit...<br>...stpppzhnqit...<br>...stpppzhnqit...<br>...stpppzhnqit...   | ...sgshvqvvdgqlarNrlptdpardshast...ssdile 336<br>...sgshvqvvdgqlarNrlptdpardshast...ssdile 336<br>...sgshvqvvdgqlarNrlptdpardshast...ssdile 336<br>...sgshvqvvdgqlarNrlptdpardshast...ssdile 336 | 339<br>338<br>337<br>336 |
| Dm Ksr<br>Dr Ksr<br>mKsr-1<br>mKsr-2 | ...vdWNTNASSGgaasnvlhvpCapgvghvqghv...<br>...vdWNTNASSGgaasnvlhvpCapgvghvqghv...<br>...vdWNTNASSGgaasnvlhvpCapgvghvqghv...<br>...vdWNTNASSGgaasnvlhvpCapgvghvqghv...   | CA4<br>A<br>102 (8-648) | ...chickacaphvpsch...<br>...chickacaphvpsch...<br>...chickacaphvpsch...<br>...chickacaphvpsch...   | ...pseuyvDefrHKKQgqYASLpVhGakGpLVKs 455<br>...pseuyvDefrHKKQgqYASLpVhGakGpLVKs 455<br>...pseuyvDefrHKKQgqYASLpVhGakGpLVKs 455<br>...pseuyvDefrHKKQgqYASLpVhGakGpLVKs 455                         | 461<br>461<br>461<br>461 |
| Dm Ksr<br>Dr Ksr<br>mKsr-1<br>mKsr-2 | ...tIghpLhQ...qhdsspsasactantpsapallq...<br>...tIghpLhQ...qhdsspsasactantpsapallq...<br>...tIghpLhQ...qhdsspsasactantpsapallq...<br>...tIghpLhQ...qhdsspsasactantpsapallq...   | CA5<br>A<br>103 (8-648) | ...ssmullfthlqgqfqnfpavtvt...<br>...ssmullfthlqgqfqnfpavtvt...<br>...ssmullfthlqgqfqnfpavtvt...<br>...ssmullfthlqgqfqnfpavtvt...                                 | ...eGsgGqVsiIanspVPEPFPAPATangqld... 558<br>...eGsgGqVsiIanspVPEPFPAPATangqld... 558<br>...eGsgGqVsiIanspVPEPFPAPATangqld... 558<br>...eGsgGqVsiIanspVPEPFPAPATangqld... 558                     | 578<br>578<br>578<br>578 |



Table 1 provides a detailed comparison of the predicted amino acid sequence of Ksr kinases. Conceptual translation of the open reading frame from the longest *D. melanogaster* (Dm) Ksr cDNA is shown. The positions of mutations in three *ksr* alleles are indicated: *S-548* is a 4 bp X-ray-induced mutation affecting two consecutive codons (CTG-CGA to AGT-GGA). *S-638* is an EMS-induced allele that has two separate point mutations changing a GCC codon to GTC and GCG codon to ACG. *S-721* is a frameshift mutation due to a 10 bp duplication from adjacent sequences within the codon for asparagine-727. Also shown in the alignment are the conceptual translations of the open reading frames for the Ksr genes from other species: the *D. virilis* (Dv) Ksr sequence was derived from genomic DNA, the mouse (m) Ksr-1 from a 4 kb cDNA, and the human (h) Ksr-1, deduced from three overlapping cDNA clones (the N-terminal two residues were absent from these clones so the numbering begins with the third residue). The human Ksr is present as one or more of a plurality of alternatively spliced forms, exemplified by Ksr' in the following sequence listing. The amino acid sequences (and their respective positions) for the cysteine-rich regions and the kinase domains of *Drosophila* (D-Raf) and human (h c-Raf) (Genbank accession number: X07181 and X03484, respectively) are presented. Residues identical to Dm Ksr are lower case.

In the N-terminus of the Ksr kinases four Conserved Areas (CA1 to CA4) are boxed. CA1 is a novel domain present only in the Ksr kinases. CA2 is a proline-rich stretch that may represent an SH3-binding site (Alexandropoulos et al., 1995). CA3 is a cysteine-rich stretch, similar to a domain found in multiple signaling molecules. This conserved sequence is also part of the CR1 domain found in Raf kinases (Bruder et al., 1992). CA4 is a long serine/threonine-rich stretch followed by a conserved motif (indicated by a dashed line). This domain resembles the region around the CR2 domain of Raf kinases (Heidecker et al., 1992). The four short thick lines overlying the sequences indicate potential sites of phosphorylation by MAPK (PXS/TP) found in Dm Ksr. The eleven conserved sub-domains characteristic of protein kinases are indicated by roman numerals below their approximate positions.

*ksr<sup>S-638</sup>* has two single amino acids changes: alanine-696 to valine and alanine-703 to threonine. The latter substitution alters a highly conserved residue within kinase sub-domain II (Hanks et al., 1988). *ksr<sup>S-721</sup>* contains a 10 bp insertion in the codon for asparagine-727 within kinase sub-domain III creating a frameshift mutation that truncates the protein at kinase sub-domain III. *ksr<sup>S-548</sup>* has a four base pair substitution that changes two consecutive amino acids in the N-terminus of the protein: leucine-50 and arginine-51 to glycine and serine, respectively. Unlike the 16 alleles recovered in the screen which were recessive lethal, *ksr<sup>S-548</sup>* produces sub-viable flies which have rough eyes (see below), indicating that it is a weak loss-of-function mutation.

Identification of Ksr homologs in other species defines a novel class of kinases related to Raf kinases.

As a first attempt to determine functionally important domains that comprise the Ksr kinase, we searched for homologs from other species. First, we isolated the complete coding region of *ksr* from a *Drosophila virilis* genomic library by low-stringency hybridization (see Experimental Procedures). The *D. virilis* genomic sequence revealed a single uninterrupted ORF predicting a protein of 1003 amino acids (Table 1). The *D. virilis* and *D. melanogaster* Ksr proteins are 96% identical within the kinase domain while the N-terminal region is more divergent (69% identity), although islands of high conservation are present (see Table 1).

A search of translated nucleotide databases (using the TBLASTN program; Altschul et al., 1990) identified a partial ORF derived from a mouse DNA sequence with significant blocks of similarity to the N-terminus of Ksr. This sequence, named *hb*, had been isolated by Nehls et al. (1994) as part of an exon-trapping strategy to establish the transcription map of a 1 Mb region around the mouse *NF1* locus. To determine if the full-length *hb* transcript also contains a kinase domain related to Ksr, we screened a cDNA library derived from a mouse PCC4 teratocarcinoma cell line with a probe corresponding to the *hb* sequence (see Experimental Procedures). A 4 kb cDNA clone was isolated and encodes a protein of 873 amino acids that contains a kinase domain highly related to the Ksr kinase domain (51% identity/74% similarity; Table 1). In addition, a human fetal brain cDNA library was screened at low-stringency with the same *hb* probe (see Experimental Procedures). Thirteen independent cDNA clones were purified and sequenced. They represent partial transcripts ranging in size from 0.6 to 3 kb. Interestingly, they define at least three classes of N-terminal splicing variants. The predicted protein sequence derived from overlapping human cDNA clones is shown in Table 1. With the exception of the first divergent 23 amino acids, which probably represents an alternative exon, human Ksr-1 (hKsr-1) is nearly identical to mouse Ksr-1 (mKsr-1; 95% identity/99% similarity). Subsequent to this analysis, two human Expressed Sequence Tags (GenBank accession numbers: R27352 and R27353) have been reported that correspond to regions of the hKsr kinase domain.

Comparison of mammalian and *Drosophila* Ksr sequences showed similarity throughout the kinase domain as well as at various locations within the N-terminal region (Table 1). Sequence conservation is obvious within all sub-domains of the kinase domain. Two interesting features are present within sub-domains VIb and VIII. HRDL(K/R/A)XXN (D and N are invariant residues) is the consensus sequence corresponding to sub-domain VIb for the majority of known kinases (Hardie and Hanks, 1995). Instead of an arginine at the second position, a lysine is present for the

Ksr homologs which distinguishes them from most other kinases. In addition, the amino acids N-terminal to the APE motif in sub-domain VIII, which have been implicated in substrate recognition specificity, (Hardie and Hanks, 1995) are well-conserved between the Ksr kinases of different species, but differ from those of all other kinases. One peculiarity is found in sub-domain II of the two mammalian proteins. This sub-domain has an invariant lysine residue involved in the phospho-  
 5 transfer reaction that is conserved in all kinases identified thus far (Hardie and Hanks, 1995), however, both mammalian sequences have an arginine at this position (Table 1). It has been shown that mutagenesis of this lysine residue to any other residue, including arginine, abolishes catalytic function in several kinases (Hanks et al., 1988). However, the sequence conservation between the mouse and the human kinase domains indicates that these enzymes are functional.

10 Sub-domains VIb and VIII also contain conserved residues that often correlate with hydroxy amino acid recognition (Hanks et al., 1988). For instance, HRDLKXXN (VIb) and T/SXXY/F (VIII) motifs are indicative of Ser/Thr-kinases while HRDLR/AXA/RN (VIb) and PXXW (VIII) motifs are associated with Tyr-kinases. Based solely on these conserved residues it is not clear to which class Ksr kinases belong (Table 1). Indeed, for sub-domain VIb, the Drosophila sequences  
 15 have an arginine residue at the critical position (like a Tyr-kinase), while the two mammalian sequences have a lysine residue (like a Ser/Thr-kinase). The sub-domain VIII motif for all the Ksr members is WXXY, which differs from that found in all other kinases.

In the N-terminal region, four Conserved Areas (CA1 to CA4) can be recognized (Table 1). CA1 is a stretch of 40 amino acids located at the very N-terminus of Ksr kinases and has no  
 20 equivalent in the database. Its conservation and the identification of a mutation in it (*ksr*<sup>S548</sup>) indicate that it plays a role in Ksr function. CA2 is a proline-rich stretch followed by basic residues which may correspond to a class II SH3-domain binding site (PXXPXR/K; Alexandropoulos et al., 1995), although the two fly sequences diverge from the consensus by one amino acid. CA3 is a cysteine-rich domain similar to the one found in other signaling molecules, such as the CR1 domain  
 25 of Raf. Finally, CA4 is rich in serines and threonines and also contains a MAPK consensus phosphorylation site.

A search of current databases indicated that the Raf kinase members are the closest relatives to the Ksr kinases based on sequence similarity within the kinase domain (e.g. 42% identity/61% similarity between the Dm Ksr and Raf kinase domains) and shared structural features in the N-  
 30 terminal region (Table 1). Both the Raf and Ksr kinases have a related C-terminal 300 amino acid kinase domain, named CA5 and CR3, respectively (CR3; Heidecker et al., 1992). The spacing and sizes of the domains of the Ksr kinases are well conserved, except for the presence of an additional



~100 amino acids between the CA4 and CA5 domains of the *Drosophila* sequences. In addition, they both have a long N-terminal region that contains a cysteine-rich stretch followed by a serine/threonine-rich region, named CA3 and CA4 for Ksr kinases and CR1 and CR2 for Raf kinases. Ksr and Raf kinases also have distinctive features. For instance, the CA1 and CA2 regions found in Ksr kinases are absent from Raf kinases. The Ras-binding domain (RBD) found in the CR1 domain of Raf kinases (Nassar et al., 1995) is absent from Ksr kinases, which suggests that they are regulated differently. Moreover, interaction assays using the yeast two-hybrid system or bacterially-expressed fusion proteins, did not detect any interaction between Ras1 and Ksr, while similar experiments detected an interaction between Ras1 and the CR1 domain of D-Raf. Finally, amino acids in kinase sub-domain VIII, which are important for substrate recognition, are not conserved between Ksr and Raf kinases suggesting that these kinases have different targets. This is supported by the observation that Ksr failed to interact with Dsor1 (D-MEK) in a yeast two-hybrid assay, whereas, D-Raf and Dsor1 interacted strongly.

Ksr functions in multiple RTK pathways.

Recent evidence suggests that RTKs use a similar set of proteins to transduce their signals to the nucleus (see Background). Several lines of genetic evidence suggest that the Ksr kinase corresponds to a new component of this widely used signal transduction pathway. For instance, adult flies homozygous for the sub-viable allele *ksr*<sup>S-548</sup> have rough eyes in which ommatidia are missing both outer (R1-R6) and R7 photoreceptor cells. This suggests that, like *Ras1* (Simon et al., 1991), *ksr* has a broader role than just specification of the R7 cell fate. Using the FLP/FRT system (Xu and Rubin, 1993), we did not recover homozygous mutant tissue for the strong allele *ksr*<sup>S-638</sup>, which indicates that Ksr is required for cell proliferation or survival. In addition, except for the *ksr*<sup>S-548</sup> allele, all *ksr* alleles are recessive lethal and in most cases they die as third instar larvae and lack imaginal discs. This phenotype is often seen with mutations in genes required for cell proliferation (Gatti and Baker, 1989). RNA *in situ* hybridization showed that *ksr* mRNA is ubiquitously distributed and is present throughout embryogenesis, consistent with a general role for this kinase.

We directly tested whether *ksr* is an essential component of the Torso RTK pathway, another *Drosophila* RTK-dependent signal transduction cascade (reviewed in Duffy and Perrimon, 1994). Torso initiates a signal transduction cascade required for development of the anterior and posterior extremities of the embryo. As for the Sevenless RTK pathway, genetic screens aimed at elucidating this pathway have led to the identification of *drk*, *sos*, *Ras1* and genes encoding the downstream cassette of kinases (*Raf/MEK/MAPK*) as being critical for signal propagation (reviewed in Duffy

and Perrimon, 1994). This signal transduction cascade appears to control the expression pattern of two genes, *tailless* (*tl*) and *huckebein* (*hkb*) at the embryonic termini (reviewed in Duffy and Perrimon, 1994). During the cellular blastoderm stage, the posterior domain of expression of both factors depends uniquely on Torso-mediated signaling thereby providing excellent markers of Torso activity.

5        Embryos derived from mothers homozygous for a *torso* null mutation have defective termini. The posterior end is missing all structures beyond the seventh abdominal segment, while the anterior end exhibits severe head skeleton defects (reviewed in Duffy and Perrimon, 1994). Consistent with these abnormalities, aberrant expression patterns are observed for *tl* and *hkb*; that is, no *tl* or *hkb* expression is detected at the posterior end, while *tl* expression pattern is extended  
10        and *hkb* is retracted at the anterior end. Embryos derived from germlines homozygous for loss-of-function mutations in general RTK components like *drk*, *sos*, *Ras1* or *D-Raf* show similar terminal defects, albeit to various degrees, consistent with their role in Torso RTK-mediated signaling (Hou et al., 1995).

15        To determine whether *ksr* acts in the Torso pathway, we used the FLP-FDS system (Hou et al., 1995) to generate *ksr* germline clones and examined the terminal structures of embryos derived from homozygous mutant oocytes. Like embryos derived from Torso mutant mothers, cuticle preparations of *ksr*<sup>S-638</sup> embryos revealed severe terminal defects. They are missing posterior structures beyond the seventh abdominal segment and have collapsed head skeletons. In addition, no *tl* or *hkb* expression is detected at the posterior end while a broader domain of *tl* expression and  
20        a reduced one for *hkb* is observed at the anterior extremity. These results indicate that *ksr* also functions in the Torso pathway, consistent with Ksr being a general component acting downstream of RTKs.

      Activated *D-Raf* rescues terminal defects observed in embryos derived from germlines homozygous for *ksr*<sup>S-638</sup>.

25        The inability of *ksr* mutants to suppress the *sE-Raf*<sup>Tor4021</sup> phenotype in the eye suggested that Ksr functions upstream or in parallel to D-Raf, but not downstream. To clarify where *ksr* functions relative to *D-Raf* in the Torso pathway, RNA encoding an activated form of D-Raf (*Raf*<sup>Tor4021</sup>) was injected into embryos derived from germlines homozygous for *ksr*<sup>S-638</sup>. If Ksr functions solely upstream of D-Raf then activated D-Raf should rescue the mutant phenotype. In contrast, if Ksr  
30        functions solely downstream of D-Raf then injection of activated *D-Raf* RNA should have no influence on the *ksr*<sup>S-638</sup>-associated embryonic phenotype. It is also possible that rescue might be observed if Ksr functions in a pathway parallel to D-Raf and can be bypassed by activation of D-Raf

to sufficiently high levels. Injection of activated D-Raf partially rescued the *ksr*<sup>S-638</sup>-associated embryonic terminal defects. These results confirm that Ksr does not act downstream of D-Raf.

#### Experimental Procedures:

Fly culture and crosses were performed according to standard procedures. Clonal analysis in the eye was performed on the *ksr*<sup>S-638</sup> allele (the strongest suppressor of *sev-Ras*<sup>V12</sup> among the *ksr* alleles) using the FLP/FRT system (Xu and Rubin, 1993).

*ksr*<sup>S-638</sup> germline clones were generated as described in Hou et al. (1995). Cuticle preparation of embryos was performed as described in Belvin et al. (1995). In situ hybridization was performed according to Dougan and DiNardo (1992) using digoxigenin-labelled RNA probes. Injection of embryos was performed as described in Anderson and Nüsslein-Volhard (1984). An in vitro transcription kit (Promega) was used to synthesize activated D-Raf RNA from the Raf<sup>Tor4021</sup> DNA template (Dickson et al., 1992).

Scanning electron microscopy was performed as described by Kimmel et al. (1990). Fixation and sectioning of adult eyes were performed as described by Tomlinson and Ready (1987).

The *βGGT-I* locus was recovered from a chromosome walk initiated by screening a cosmid library (Tamkun et al., 1992) with a genomic fragment flanking a P-element [1(2)05714] inserted at 25B4-6 (Karpen and Spradling, 1992; Berkeley Drosophila Genome Project, pers. comm.). A 1.7 kb SpeI-SphI genomic fragment spanning the *S-2126* allele inversion breakpoint was used to screen a Drosophila eye-antennal imaginal disc cDNA library in λgt10. Sixteen related cDNA clones were isolated from ~700,000 pfu screened.

The *ksr* gene was isolated from a chromosome walk. Genomic blot analysis of X-ray-induced *ksr* alleles was performed according to standard procedures (Sambrook et al., 1989). The 2.9 kb and 2.2 kb BamHI fragments from cosmid III identified polymorphisms in the *S-69* and *S-511* alleles, respectively. A 7 kb EcoRI genomic fragment encompassing all of the 2.9 kb BamHI fragment and part of the 2.2kb BamHI fragment was used along with the 2.2kb BamHI fragment to screen ~700,000 phage from a Drosophila eye-antennal imaginal disc cDNA library in λgt10. Seven related cDNA clones were isolated and characterized by sequencing.

A *D. virilis* genomic library was screened at reduced stringency using the Dm Ksr kinase domain as a probe. In brief, filters were hybridized in 5X SSCP; 10X Denhart; 0.1% SDS; 200 μg/ml sonicated salmon sperm DNA at 42°C for 12 hrs, rinsed several times at room temperature and washed twice for 2hrs at 50°C in 1X SSC; 0.1% SDS. 12 genomic clones were identified; one was purified and analyzed by sequencing.

A DNA fragment corresponding to the *hb* DNA sequence was prepared by PCR from a

mouse brain cDNA library and used as a probe to screen a mouse PCC4 teratocarcinoma cDNA library (Stratagene). One full-length cDNA clone, named mKsr-1, was obtained from  $1 \times 10^6$  pfu screened. Using the mKsr-1 kinase domain as a probe,  $1 \times 10^6$  pfu of a human fetal brain cDNA library (Clontech) was hybridized at reduced stringency (see above). Thirteen related cDNA clones were isolated and characterized by sequencing. They all represent partial transcripts and only one of them, named hKsr-1, has a complete kinase domain.

DNA sequences were performed by the dideoxy chain termination procedure (Sanger et al., 1977) using the Automated Laser Fluorescence (ALF) system (Pharmacia). Templates were prepared by sonicating plasmid DNA and inserting the sonicated DNA into the M13mp10 vector. The entire coding regions of  $\beta$ GGT-I and Ksr cDNAs from each species were sequenced on both strands as well as the genomic regions that correspond to the  $\beta$ GGT-I and *Dm ksr* loci. Sequences were analysed using the Staden (R. Staden, MRC of Molecular Biology, Cambridge UK) and the Genetics Computer Group, Inc. software packages. The chromosomal regions for different  $\beta$ GGT-I and *ksr* mutant alleles were cloned into the  $\lambda$ \_ZAP-express vector (Stratagene) and their respective coding regions were completely sequenced using oligonucleotide primers.

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- 30 Pharmaceutical lead compound screening assays.
1. Protocol for Ksr - substrate phosphorylation assay.
- A. Reagents:

- Neutralite Avidin: 20 µg/ml in PBS.
- hKsr:  $10^{-8}$  -  $10^{-5}$  M hKsr at 20 µg/ml in PBS.
- Blocking buffer: 5% BSA, 0.5% Tween 20 in PBS; 1 hour at room temperature.
- Assay Buffer: 100 mM KCl, 20 mM HEPES pH 7.6, 0.25 mM EDTA, 1% glycerol, 0.5% NP-40, 50 mM BME, 1 mg/ml BSA, cocktail of protease inhibitors.

5       - [ $^{32}$ P]γ-ATP 10x stock:  $2 \times 10^{-5}$  M cold ATP with 100 µCi [ $^{32}$ P]γ-ATP. Place in the 4°C microfridge during screening.

      - Substrate:  $2 \times 10^{-6}$  M biotinylated synthetic peptide kinase substrate (MBP, Sigma) at 20 µg/ml in PBS.

10       - Protease inhibitor cocktail (1000X): 10 mg Trypsin Inhibitor (BMB # 109894), 10 mg Aprotinin (BMB # 236624), 25 mg Benzamidine (Sigma # B-6506), 25 mg Leupeptin (BMB # 1017128), 10 mg APMSF (BMB # 917575), and 2mM NaVO<sub>3</sub> (Sigma # S-6508) in 10 ml of PBS.

B. Preparation of assay plates:

      - Coat with 120 µl of stock Neutralite avidin per well overnight at 4°C.

      - Wash 2 times with 200 µl PBS.

15       - Block with 150 µl of blocking buffer.

      - Wash 2 times with 200 µl PBS.

C. Assay:

      - Add 40 µl assay buffer/well.

      - Add 40 µl hKsr (0.1-10 pmoles/40 ul in assay buffer)

20       - Add 10 µl compound or extract.

      - Shake at 30°C for 15 minutes.

      - Add 10 µl [ $^{32}$ P]γ-ATP 10x stock.

      - Add 10 µl substrate.

      - Shake at 30°C for 15 minutes.

25       - Incubate additional 45 minutes at 30°C.

      - Stop the reaction by washing 4 times with 200 µl PBS.

      - Add 150 µl scintillation cocktail.

      - Count in Topcount.

D. Controls for all assays (located on each plate):

30       a. Non-specific binding (no hKsr added)

      b. cold ATP to achieve 80% inhibition.

## 2. Protocol for hKsr - Raf binding assay.

## A. Reagents:

- Anti-myc antibody: 20 µg/ml in PBS.
- Blocking buffer: 5% BSA, 0.5% Tween 20 in PBS; 1 hour at room temperature.
- Assay Buffer: 100 mM KCl, 20 mM HEPES pH 7.6, 0.25 mM EDTA, 1% glycerol, 0.5%

5 NP-40, 50 mM β-mercaptoethanol, 1 mg/ml BSA, cocktail of protease inhibitors.

- <sup>33</sup>P hKsr 10x stock:  $10^{-8}$  -  $10^{-6}$  M "cold" hKsr (full length) supplemented with 200,000-250,000 cpm of labeled hKsr (HMK-tagged) (Beckman counter). Place in the 4°C microfridge during screening.

10 - Protease inhibitor cocktail (1000X): 10 mg Trypsin Inhibitor (BMB # 109894), 10 mg Aprotinin (BMB # 236624), 25 mg Benzamidine (Sigma # B-6506), 25 mg Leupeptin (BMB # 1017128), 10 mg APMSF (BMB # 917575), and 2mM NaVO<sub>3</sub> (Sigma # S-6508) in 10 ml of PBS.

- Raf:  $10^{-8}$  -  $10^{-5}$  M myc epitope-tagged Raf in PBS.

## B. Preparation of assay plates:

- Coat with 120 µl of stock anti-myc antibody per well overnight at 4°C.
- 15 - Wash 2X with 200 µl PBS.
- Block with 150 µl of blocking buffer.
- Wash 2X with 200 µl PBS.

## C. Assay:

- Add 40 µl assay buffer/well.
- 20 - Add 10 µl compound or extract.
- Add 10 µl <sup>33</sup>P-hKsr (20,000-25,000 cpm/0.1-10 pmoles/well =  $10^{-9}$ -  $10^{-7}$  M final concentration).
- Shake at 25°C for 15 minutes.
- Incubate additional 45 minutes at 25°C.
- 25 - Add 40 µl epitope-tagged Raf (0.1-10 pmoles/40 ul in assay buffer)
- Incubate 1 hour at room temperature.
- Stop the reaction by washing 4 times with 200 µl PBS.
- Add 150 µl scintillation cocktail.
- Count in Topcount.

## 30 D. Controls for all assays (located on each plate):

- a. Non-specific binding (no hKsr added)
- b. Soluble (non-tagged Raf) to achieve 80% inhibition.

All publications and patent applications cited in this specification are herein incorporated by reference as if each individual publication or patent application were specifically and individually indicated to be incorporated by reference. Although the foregoing invention has been described in some detail by way of illustration and example for purposes of clarity of understanding, it will be readily apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art in light of the teachings of this invention that certain changes and modifications may be made thereto without departing from the spirit or scope of the appended claims.

#### SEQUENCE LISTING

SEQ ID NO: 1 cDNA sequence of *Drosophila melanogaster* Ksr

SEQ ID NO: 2 amino acid sequence of *Drosophila melanogaster* Ksr

10 SEQ ID NO: 3 genomic sequence of *Drosophila virilis* Ksr

SEQ ID NO: 4 amino acid sequence of *Drosophila virilis* Ksr

SEQ ID NO: 5 cDNA sequence of *Mus musculus* Ksr

SEQ ID NO: 6 amino acid sequence of *Mus musculus* Ksr

SEQ ID NO: 7 cDNA composite sequence of human Ksr

15 SEQ ID NO: 8 amino acid composite sequence of human Ksr

SEQ ID NO: 9 cDNA sequence of human Ksr'

SEQ ID NO: 10 amino acid sequence of human Ksr'



## SEQUENCE LISTING

## (1) GENERAL INFORMATION:

(i) APPLICANT: Rubin, Gerry M.

Therrien, Marc

Chang, Henry C.

Karim, Felix D.

Wassarman, David A.

(ii) TITLE OF INVENTION: A Novel Protein Kinase Required for Ras  
Signal Transduction

(iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 12

(iv) CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:

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(D) STATE: CALIFORNIA

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(F) ZIP: 94104

(v) COMPUTER READABLE FORM:

(A) MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk

(B) COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible

(C) OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS

(D) SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.30

(vi) CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:

(A) APPLICATION NUMBER:

(B) FILING DATE:

(C) CLASSIFICATION:

(viii) ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:

(A) NAME: OSMAN, RICHARD A

(B) REGISTRATION NUMBER: 36,627

(C) REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: B96-010

(ix) TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:

(A) TELEPHONE: (415) 343-4341

(B) TELEFAX: (415) 343-4342

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:1:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 3697 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: double

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:1:

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| GAATCCAAT TATTGCTTTT TCGCATTGCC TAAGCCGTTT AGAGTTGCGG GCGTTAGCGT  | 60  |
| GCGCGATAGC CGGAGCACCG AACGTCAAGG TCGCTTGCGG AGGGCCACAA TGCGGGGCGG | 120 |
| AGTCCCAGCC ATTGGTCCCA TCGAATCGTC GAGTCCCCGA GAGGGCGTCT GAAAAAATCA | 180 |
| ATCGGGCTCC ACTCCGTCGC GAATAAGCAG GATGAGCAGC AACAACAACG CACCCGCATC | 240 |

|    |             |            |            |            |             |             |      |
|----|-------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|-------------|------|
|    | GGCTCCAGAC  | ACGGGCTCCA | CCAATGCCAA | CGATCCCATC | TCCGGTTTCGC | TGTCCGTAGA  | 300  |
|    | CAGCAACCTG  | GTTATCATTC | AGGACATGAT | TGATCTCTCG | GCCAACCATC  | TGGAGGGCCT  | 360  |
|    | GCGAACGCAG  | TGCGCGATCA | GCTCCACGCT | GACGCAGCAG | GAGATTCGTT  | GCCTGGAGTC  | 420  |
|    | GAAGCTGGTG  | CGATACTTCT | CCGAGCTGCT | GCTGGCGAAG | ATGCGGCTAA  | ATGAGCGCAT  | 480  |
|    | CCCGGCCAAC  | GGGCTTGTGC | CCCACACAAC | GGGCAACGAA | CTGAGGCAAT  | GGCTGCGCGT  | 540  |
| 5  | AGTGGGCCTT  | AGCCAGGGGA | CTCTTACCGC | CTGCCTTGCT | CGCCTGACCA  | CTCTAGAGCA  | 600  |
|    | AAGCCTGCGT  | CTCAGCGACG | AGGAGATCCG | TCAACTCCTG | GCTGACAGCC  | CCAGCCAGCG  | 660  |
|    | AGAGGAGGAG  | GAAGTGGGAC | GCCTGACCAG | GGCCATGCAG | AACTTAAGGA  | AGTGCATGGA  | 720  |
|    | GTCGCTGGAG  | AGCGGTACTG | CGGCTAGCAA | CAACGATCCA | GAGCAGTGGC  | ACTGGGACTC  | 780  |
|    | CTGGGACAGG  | CCCACCCACA | TTTATCGCGG | CAGTGTGGGA | AACATTGGAC  | TGGGTAACAA  | 840  |
| 10 | TTCAACCGCC  | TCCCCGAGAA | CCCATCATCG | CCAGCATGGT | GTCAAGGGAA  | AGAATTCCGC  | 900  |
|    | TCTGGCCAA   | TCCACCAACT | TCAAAAGTGG | CCGCCAATCG | CCCTCAGCGA  | CAGAAGAGCT  | 960  |
|    | GAACAGCACA  | CAGGGTTCCC | AGCTGACTTT | AACCCTTACG | CCCTCGCCAC  | CCAATTCCGC  | 1020 |
|    | CTTCACGCCT  | TCCAGTGGGC | TGAGCAGCAG | CCTTAATGGA | ACACCACAGA  | GGAGTCGTGG  | 1080 |
|    | TACCCCGCCG  | CCAGCCAGAA | AGCACCAGAC | CTTGCTGAGC | CAGAGTCATG  | TGCAAGTGGG  | 1140 |
| 15 | CGGGGAGCAA  | TTAGCCCGCA | ACCGTTTGCC | CACTGATCCC | AGCCCCGATA  | GCCACAGCTC  | 1200 |
|    | CACCAGCTCG  | GACATCTTTG | TGGACCCAAA | TACTAATGCC | AGCTCCGGAG  | GAAGTTCCCTC | 1260 |
|    | GAACGTGCTT  | ATGGTGCCAT | GCTCTCCGGG | CGTGGGTAC  | GTGGGCATGG  | GTCTATGCAAT | 1320 |
|    | CAAGCATCGT  | TTCACCAAGG | CCCTGGGCTT | CATGGCCACC | TGTACCCTGT  | GCCAGAAGCA  | 1380 |
|    | GGTCTTTTAC  | CGCTGGATGA | AGTGCACCGA | CTGCAAGTAC | ATCTGCCACA  | AGTCATGCGC  | 1440 |
| 20 | ACCGCACGTA  | CCGCCCTCCT | GTGGACTTCC | ACGAGAATAT | GTGGACGAGT  | TTCGGCACAT  | 1500 |
|    | AAAGGAGCAG  | GGAGGATACG | CCAGTCTGCC | GCATGTGCAT | GGCGCGGCGA  | AAGGATCCCC  | 1560 |
|    | TTTGGTAAAA  | AAGAGCACCC | TGGGTAAGCC | CTTGCATCAG | CAGCACGGCG  | ATAGCAGTTC  | 1620 |
|    | GCCGAGTTCC  | AGCTGCACTA | GTTCCACGCC | CAGCAGTCCG | GCGCTGTTCC  | AGCAAAGGGA  | 1680 |
|    | GCGCGAGCTG  | GATCAGGCGG | GCAGCAGCTC | TAGCGCCAAT | CTGTTACCTA  | CGCCTTCGCT  | 1740 |
| 25 | TGGCAAGCAC  | CAGCCGAGTC | AATTCAACTT | TCCCAACGTG | ACGGTGACGA  | GCAGTGGCGG  | 1800 |
|    | AAGCGGTGGT  | GTATCGCTCA | TCTCCAATGA | ACCAGTGCCA | GAGCAATTCC  | CCACGGCGCC  | 1860 |
|    | TGCAACAGCC  | AACGGAGGAC | TTGATAGTCT | GGTGAGCAGC | TCCAACGGGC  | ACATGAGCTC  | 1920 |
|    | GCTCATCGGT  | AGCCAAACTT | CAAACGCTTC | TACTGCGGCC | ACCTTGACGG  | GCAGTCTGGT  | 1980 |
|    | CAATAGCACA  | ACCACCACCA | GCACCTGCAG | TTTCTTTCCG | CGAAAATTGA  | GCACAGCCGG  | 2040 |
| 30 | TGTGGATAAG  | AGGACGCCGT | TCACCAGCGA | GTGCACGGAT | ACCCACAAGT  | CAAATGACAG  | 2100 |
|    | CGACAAGACA  | GTCTCCTTGT | CTGGAAGTGC | CAGCACGGAC | TCGGACCGGA  | CACCCGTTCC  | 2160 |
|    | TGTGGATTCA  | ACGGAAGACG | GAGACTCGGG | ACAATGGCGA | CAGAACTCGA  | TCTCACTCAA  | 2220 |
|    | GGAATGGGAC  | ATCCCGTATG | GTGATCTGCT | TCTGCTCGAG | CGGATAGGGC  | AGGGACGCTT  | 2280 |
|    | CGGCACCGTG  | CATCGAGCCC | TTTGGCACGG | AGATGTGGCG | GTTAAGCTGC  | TCAACGAGGA  | 2340 |
| 35 | CTATCTGCAA  | GACGAACACA | TGCTGGAGAC | GTTTCGCAGC | GAGGTAGCCA  | ACTTCAAGAA  | 2400 |
|    | CACCTCGACAC | GAGAACCCTG | TGCTGTTTAT | GGGAGCCTGC | ATGAACCCAC  | CATATTGGGC  | 2460 |
|    | CATTGTGACT  | TCATTGTGCA | AGGGCAACAC | CTTGTATACG | TATATTACC   | AGCGTCGGGA  | 2520 |
|    | GAAGTTTGCC  | ATGAACCGGA | CTCTCCTCAT | TGCCCAGCAG | ATCGCCACAG  | GCATGGGCTA  | 2580 |
|    | CCTGCACGCA  | AGGGAGATCA | TCCACAAAGA | TCTGCGCACC | AAGAACATCT  | TCATCGAGAA  | 2640 |
| 40 | CGGCAAGGTG  | ATTATCACGG | ACTTTGGGCT | GTTTCAGCTC | ACCAAGCTGC  | TCTACTGTGA  | 2700 |
|    | TATGGGCCTA  | GGAGTGCCCC | ACAACTGGTT | GTGCTACCTG | GCGCCGGAGC  | TAATCCGAGC  | 2760 |
|    | ATTGCAGCCG  | GAGAAGCCGC | GTGGAGAGTG | TCTGGAGTTC | ACCCCATACT  | CCGATGTCTA  | 2820 |
|    | CTCTTTCCGA  | ACCGTTTGGT | ACGAGCTAAT | CTGCGGCGAG | TTACATTTCA  | AGGATCAGCC  | 2880 |
|    | GGCGGAATCG  | ATCATCTGGC | AGGTGGCCG  | TGGGATGAAG | CAGTCGCTGG  | CCAACCTGCA  | 2940 |
| 45 | GTCTGGACGG  | GATGTCAAGG | ACTTGCTGAT | GCTGTGCTGG | ACCTACGAGA  | AGGAGCACCG  | 3000 |

GCCGCAGTTC GCACGCCTGC TCTCCCTGCT GGAGCATCTT CCCAAGAAGC GTCTGGCGCG 3060  
 CAGTCCCTCC CACCCCGTCA ACCTTTCCCG TTCCGCCGAG TCCGTGTTCT GAGGGAACTG 3120  
 CAGCATGGCC ACTGTCACTG TCTAGTACAA TTTCGATCTA CCAACTAAGC TAGCTCGCTT 3180  
 TGTGCCCTCG TCCACTCTAC ACAAACTCTC TCCCAAGGCG AAGTTCTATC GAGCCGAGCG 3240  
 AAGATTGTAA ATACATAAAC GTAAC TACCA AATTATAGCA ATCCATT TTA AAACTACAT 3300  
 5 ACATATGTGT AGGCATGTAT CGGGAGCACT CCAGTTGCAG TTGTTAGCAA ACGAAACAAA 3360  
 GGCAAATCAA ATGTTAACTC GAAAAAGACA AAACGCTTAA ATGTTTAAAGA GCAGAGGCAA 3420  
 ACAGAGAAGG CATAGACATA CATATACAAA CAAACAAACA AGCACTGTGG CAAACATAAA 3480  
 TGTAACGTT AATCAGGTGA GCAATTCTA AATTGTTAAT TATGTGTAAG AGAACTATAT 3540  
 ATATATATAT ATATATATAT ATATATATAT ATATACATGT ATATACAGCA GCAATGTATT 3600  
 10 GTATATGACG GACTAGTGTT AAATTAAATA TATATTGTGA ATTATGTATG GTCAAGTGTA 3660  
 TATAGTAAAT GGACTTTAAA TCGGAAATCG GGAATTC 3697

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:2:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 15 (A) LENGTH: 966 amino acids  
 (B) TYPE: amino acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: not relevant  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: not relevant

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

## 20 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:2:

Met Ser Ser Asn Asn Asn Ala Pro Ala Ser Ala Pro Asp Thr Gly Ser  
 1 5 10 15  
 Thr Asn Ala Asn Asp Pro Ile Ser Gly Ser Leu Ser Val Asp Ser Asn  
 20 25 30  
 25 Leu Val Ile Ile Gln Asp Met Ile Asp Leu Ser Ala Asn His Leu Glu  
 35 40 45  
 Gly Leu Arg Thr Gln Cys Ala Ile Ser Ser Thr Leu Thr Gln Gln Glu  
 50 55 60  
 Ile Arg Cys Leu Glu Ser Lys Leu Val Arg Tyr Phe Ser Glu Leu Leu  
 30 65 70 75 80  
 Leu Ala Lys Met Arg Leu Asn Glu Arg Ile Pro Ala Asn Gly Leu Val  
 85 90 95  
 Pro His Thr Thr Gly Asn Glu Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Arg Val Val Gly  
 100 105 110  
 35 Leu Ser Gln Gly Thr Leu Thr Ala Cys Leu Ala Arg Leu Thr Thr Leu  
 115 120 125  
 Glu Gln Ser Leu Arg Leu Ser Asp Glu Glu Ile Arg Gln Leu Leu Ala  
 130 135 140  
 Asp Ser Pro Ser Gln Arg Glu Glu Glu Glu Leu Arg Arg Leu Thr Arg  
 40 145 150 155 160  
 Ala Met Gln Asn Leu Arg Lys Cys Met Glu Ser Leu Glu Ser Gly Thr  
 165 170 175  
 Ala Ala Ser Asn Asn Asp Pro Glu Gln Trp His Trp Asp Ser Trp Asp  
 180 185 190  
 45 Arg Pro Thr His Ile His Arg Gly Ser Val Gly Asn Ile Gly Leu Gly

|    |   |     |         |
|----|---|-----|---------|
|    | 195   | 200 | 205     |
|    | Asn Asn Ser Thr Ala Ser Pro Arg Thr His His Arg Gln His Gly Val |     |         |
|    | 210   | 215 | 220     |
|    | Lys Gly Lys Asn Ser Ala Leu Ala Asn Ser Thr Asn Phe Lys Ser Gly |     |         |
|    | 225   | 230 | 235 240 |
| 5  | Arg Gln Ser Pro Ser Ala Thr Glu Glu Leu Asn Ser Thr Gln Gly Ser |     |         |
|    | 245   | 250 | 255     |
|    | Gln Leu Thr Leu Thr Leu Thr Pro Ser Pro Pro Asn Ser Pro Phe Thr |     |         |
|    | 260   | 265 | 270     |
| 10 | Pro Ser Ser Gly Leu Ser Ser Ser Leu Asn Gly Thr Pro Gln Arg Ser |     |         |
|    | 275   | 280 | 285     |
|    | Arg Gly Thr Pro Pro Pro Ala Arg Lys His Gln Thr Leu Leu Ser Gln |     |         |
|    | 290   | 295 | 300     |
|    | Ser His Val Gln Val Asp Gly Glu Gln Leu Ala Arg Asn Arg Leu Pro |     |         |
|    | 305   | 310 | 315 320 |
| 15 | Thr Asp Pro Ser Thr Asp Ser His Ser Ser Thr Ser Ser Asp Ile Phe |     |         |
|    | 325   | 330 | 335     |
|    | Val Asp Pro Asn Thr Asn Ala Ser Ser Gly Gly Ser Ser Ser Asn Val |     |         |
|    | 340   | 345 | 350     |
| 20 | Leu Met Val Pro Cys Ser Pro Gly Val Gly His Val Gly Met Gly His |     |         |
|    | 355   | 360 | 365     |
|    | Ala Ile Lys His Arg Phe Thr Lys Ala Leu Gly Phe Met Ala Thr Cys |     |         |
|    | 370   | 375 | 380     |
|    | Thr Leu Cys Gln Lys Gln Val Phe His Arg Trp Met Lys Cys Thr Asp |     |         |
|    | 385   | 390 | 395 400 |
| 25 | Cys Lys Tyr Ile Cys His Lys Ser Cys Ala Pro His Val Pro Pro Ser |     |         |
|    | 405   | 410 | 415     |
|    | Cys Gly Leu Pro Arg Glu Tyr Val Asp Glu Phe Arg His Ile Lys Glu |     |         |
|    | 420   | 425 | 430     |
| 30 | Gln Gly Gly Tyr Ala Ser Leu Pro His Val His Gly Ala Ala Lys Gly |     |         |
|    | 435   | 440 | 445     |
|    | Ser Pro Leu Val Lys Lys Ser Thr Leu Gly Lys Pro Leu His Gln Gln |     |         |
|    | 450   | 455 | 460     |
|    | His Gly Asp Ser Ser Ser Pro Ser Ser Ser Cys Thr Ser Ser Thr Pro |     |         |
|    | 465   | 470 | 475 480 |
| 35 | Ser Ser Pro Ala Leu Phe Gln Gln Arg Glu Arg Glu Leu Asp Gln Ala |     |         |
|    | 485   | 490 | 495     |
|    | Gly Ser Ser Ser Ser Ala Asn Leu Leu Pro Thr Pro Ser Leu Gly Lys |     |         |
|    | 500   | 505 | 510     |
| 40 | His Gln Pro Ser Gln Phe Asn Phe Pro Asn Val Thr Val Thr Ser Ser |     |         |
|    | 515   | 520 | 525     |
|    | Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Val Ser Leu Ile Ser Asn Glu Pro Val Pro Glu |     |         |
|    | 530   | 535 | 540     |
|    | Gln Phe Pro Thr Ala Pro Ala Thr Ala Asn Gly Gly Leu Asp Ser Leu |     |         |
|    | 545   | 550 | 555 560 |
| 45 | Val Ser Ser Ser Asn Gly His Met Ser Ser Leu Ile Gly Ser Gln Thr |     |         |

|    |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |  |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|
|    |     |     |     | 565 |     |     |     |     | 570 |     |     |     |     | 575 |     |     |  |
|    | Ser | Asn | Ala | Ser | Thr | Ala | Ala | Thr | Leu | Thr | Gly | Ser | Leu | Val | Asn | Ser |  |
|    |     |     |     | 580 |     |     |     |     | 585 |     |     |     |     | 590 |     |     |  |
|    | Thr | Thr | Thr | Thr | Ser | Thr | Cys | Ser | Phe | Phe | Pro | Arg | Lys | Leu | Ser | Thr |  |
|    |     |     |     | 595 |     |     |     | 600 |     |     |     |     | 605 |     |     |     |  |
| 5  | Ala | Gly | Val | Asp | Lys | Arg | Thr | Pro | Phe | Thr | Ser | Glu | Cys | Thr | Asp | Thr |  |
|    |     |     |     | 610 |     |     |     | 615 |     |     |     |     | 620 |     |     |     |  |
|    | His | Lys | Ser | Asn | Asp | Ser | Asp | Lys | Thr | Val | Ser | Leu | Ser | Gly | Ser | Ala |  |
|    | 625 |     |     |     |     |     | 630 |     |     |     |     | 635 |     |     |     | 640 |  |
|    | Ser | Thr | Asp | Ser | Asp | Arg | Thr | Pro | Val | Arg | Val | Asp | Ser | Thr | Glu | Asp |  |
| 10 |     |     |     |     | 645 |     |     |     |     | 650 |     |     |     |     |     | 655 |  |
|    | Gly | Asp | Ser | Gly | Gln | Trp | Arg | Gln | Asn | Ser | Ile | Ser | Leu | Lys | Glu | Trp |  |
|    |     |     |     | 660 |     |     |     |     | 665 |     |     |     |     |     | 670 |     |  |
|    | Asp | Ile | Pro | Tyr | Gly | Asp | Leu | Leu | Leu | Leu | Glu | Arg | Ile | Gly | Gln | Gly |  |
|    |     |     |     | 675 |     |     |     |     | 680 |     |     |     |     | 685 |     |     |  |
| 15 | Arg | Phe | Gly | Thr | Val | His | Arg | Ala | Leu | Trp | His | Gly | Asp | Val | Ala | Val |  |
|    |     |     |     | 690 |     |     |     |     | 695 |     |     |     | 700 |     |     |     |  |
|    | Lys | Leu | Leu | Asn | Glu | Asp | Tyr | Leu | Gln | Asp | Glu | His | Met | Leu | Glu | Thr |  |
|    | 705 |     |     |     |     |     | 710 |     |     |     |     | 715 |     |     |     | 720 |  |
|    | Phe | Arg | Ser | Glu | Val | Ala | Asn | Phe | Lys | Asn | Thr | Arg | His | Glu | Asn | Leu |  |
| 20 |     |     |     |     | 725 |     |     |     |     | 730 |     |     |     |     |     | 735 |  |
|    | Val | Leu | Phe | Met | Gly | Ala | Cys | Met | Asn | Pro | Pro | Tyr | Leu | Ala | Ile | Val |  |
|    |     |     |     | 740 |     |     |     |     |     | 745 |     |     |     |     | 750 |     |  |
|    | Thr | Ser | Leu | Cys | Lys | Gly | Asn | Thr | Leu | Tyr | Thr | Tyr | Ile | His | Gln | Arg |  |
|    |     |     |     | 755 |     |     |     |     | 760 |     |     |     |     | 765 |     |     |  |
| 25 | Arg | Glu | Lys | Phe | Ala | Met | Asn | Arg | Thr | Leu | Leu | Ile | Ala | Gln | Gln | Ile |  |
|    |     |     |     | 770 |     |     |     |     | 775 |     |     |     |     | 780 |     |     |  |
|    | Ala | Gln | Gly | Met | Gly | Tyr | Leu | His | Ala | Arg | Glu | Ile | Ile | His | Lys | Asp |  |
|    | 785 |     |     |     |     |     | 790 |     |     |     |     | 795 |     |     |     | 800 |  |
|    | Leu | Arg | Thr | Lys | Asn | Ile | Phe | Ile | Glu | Asn | Gly | Lys | Val | Ile | Ile | Thr |  |
| 30 |     |     |     |     | 805 |     |     |     |     | 810 |     |     |     |     |     | 815 |  |
|    | Asp | Phe | Gly | Leu | Phe | Ser | Ser | Thr | Lys | Leu | Leu | Tyr | Cys | Asp | Met | Gly |  |
|    |     |     |     | 820 |     |     |     |     |     | 825 |     |     |     |     | 830 |     |  |
|    | Leu | Gly | Val | Pro | His | Asn | Trp | Leu | Cys | Tyr | Leu | Ala | Pro | Glu | Leu | Ile |  |
|    |     |     |     | 835 |     |     |     |     | 840 |     |     |     |     | 845 |     |     |  |
| 35 | Arg | Ala | Leu | Gln | Pro | Glu | Lys | Pro | Arg | Gly | Glu | Cys | Leu | Glu | Phe | Thr |  |
|    |     |     |     | 850 |     |     |     |     | 855 |     |     |     |     | 860 |     |     |  |
|    | Pro | Tyr | Ser | Asp | Val | Tyr | Ser | Phe | Gly | Thr | Val | Trp | Tyr | Glu | Leu | Ile |  |
|    | 865 |     |     |     |     |     | 870 |     |     |     |     | 875 |     |     |     | 880 |  |
|    | Cys | Gly | Glu | Phe | Thr | Phe | Lys | Asp | Gln | Pro | Ala | Glu | Ser | Ile | Ile | Trp |  |
| 40 |     |     |     |     | 885 |     |     |     |     | 890 |     |     |     |     |     | 895 |  |
|    | Gln | Val | Gly | Arg | Gly | Met | Lys | Gln | Ser | Leu | Ala | Asn | Leu | Gln | Ser | Gly |  |
|    |     |     |     | 900 |     |     |     |     | 905 |     |     |     |     |     | 910 |     |  |
|    | Arg | Asp | Val | Lys | Asp | Leu | Leu | Met | Leu | Cys | Trp | Thr | Tyr | Glu | Lys | Glu |  |
|    |     |     |     | 915 |     |     |     |     | 920 |     |     |     |     | 925 |     |     |  |
| 45 | His | Arg | Pro | Gln | Phe | Ala | Arg | Leu | Leu | Ser | Leu | Leu | Glu | His | Leu | Pro |  |

930                      935                      940  
 Lys Lys Arg Leu Ala Arg Ser Pro Ser His Pro Val Asn Leu Ser Arg  
 945                      950                      955                      960  
 Ser Ala Glu Ser Val Phe  
 965

5

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:3:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 3681 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

10 (C) STRANDEDNESS: double

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:3:

15 CCCCCAAAA CTATAAAATT TTTCGCGTTT TTCTCATAGC AGAAGCTGTC TCGAAGTCCG 60  
 CATTTGCGCAG GACTGTTTCAT GTGTGCTTGC AGCAAGCGAA AAAAGCTGGT TGATGTGGAC 120  
 AGAATGTGTG TCAAAGTGGT GCAAACAACA AATGATTTGT AAGTGCCTCT GAAAAAATCA 180  
 ATCAGTTTGT ACTGCTGGAA GGGGCGGGCG GGCCACAACA AAATGAGCAG CAGCGCCGCC 240  
 GCCCAGCTGA CTGCGCCGCC AGTCAGCAAC AGCAACAGCA GCAGCAGTAA CAACAATACA 300  
 ACAACGACTG CGAGCGAAAG CAATCTAATC ATCATAACAG ATATGATTGA TCTCTCGGCC 360  
 20 AACCATCTGG AGGGTCTGCG AACACAGTGC GCAACGAGCG CGACGTTGAC GCAACAGGAG 420  
 ATCCGCTGCC TAGAGTCCAA GTTGGTGCGC TACTTCTCCG AACTGCTCTT GACCAAAACG 480  
 AGACTCAACG AACGCATACC CGCGAACGGT CTGCTGCCCC ATCATCAGGC TACCGGGAAC 540  
 GAGTTGCGCC AATGGCTGCG AGTAGTTGGA CTCAGTCCGG AGTCACTGAA TGCATGCCTA 600  
 GCGCGTCTAA CGACATTGGA GCAAACACTG CAGCTGAGCG ATGAAGAACT GAAACAACCTG 660  
 25 CTGCCCCACA ATTCAAGTAC CCAGCTGGAC GAGGAACTGC GCGGCTGAC CAAAGCGATG 720  
 CATAATCTCC GAAATGTCAT GGAAACGCTG GACAGCAGCG GCGCAGTTGC GTCCAACGTC 780  
 GATCCGGAAC AATGGCACTG GGACTCCTGG GATCGACCCC ATCCGCATCA CATGCACCGC 840  
 GGCAGCATTG GCAATATTGG CCTAGGACTA AGCAGCGCCT CACCTCGCGC CCATCATCGT 900  
 CAACATCAAC ATCAACACGC GAACAGCAAG CCGAAAATTG TTAACAATTG TGCCTCAAGC 960  
 30 TCCCGCAGCG AACAGCAACC ACTGACTGGT TCTCAGTTGA CCTTAACACT GACGCCCTCG 1020  
 CCACCCAACT CGCCCTTTAC GCCCGCCTCA GGGACGGCAT CCGCCAGCGG CACTCCGCGAG 1080  
 CGCAGCCGCA GTACCACAAC AGCGGCGGGA ACGCCACCAC CAGCCAAGAA GCATCAAACG 1140  
 CTGCTCATGC ACAACAGCAG CGCTTCGGAA ACGGCACTCG CGGAGCAGCC TCCACGGCCA 1200  
 CCGCGCAGCC GTCTACCCAC AGATCCTAGC CCGGATAGCC ACAGCTCGGC CAGCAGTTCC 1260  
 35 GACATTTTTC TGGACGGTGG CAGTATCAAC AGCTCCAATG TACTACTAGT GCCGCCCTCG 1320  
 CCAGGTGTGG CACACGTGGG CATGGGTCAT ACCATTAAAG ACCGTTTCAG TAAATGGTTT 1380  
 GGCTTCATGG CCACGTGCAA ACTGTGCCAA AAGCAGATGA TGAGCCACTG GTTCAAGTGC 1440  
 ACCGACTGCA AATATATTTG CCACAAGTCC TGTGCGCCGC ATGTGCCGCC CTCGTGTGGC 1500  
 CTTCCACCCG AATATGTTCA CGAGTTTCGT CAAACTCAGG TGGGCGGCAG ATGGGACCCT 1560  
 40 GCGCAGCACA GCAGCAGCAA GGCATACCA GTGCCAGGA AGAGCACGCT GGGCAAACCG 1620  
 CAATTGCAGC AGCCACAGCT GCAGCAGGG GACAGCAGCT CACCAAGCTC GAGCTGCACC 1680  
 AGCTCAACGC CCAGCAGTCC AGCATTGTTT CAGCAGCAGC AACTGCAACT GGCCACGCCC 1740  
 AGCGCTGCC AGCCGAAACC AGCACCAGCA GCGGTAGCAG CAGCAGCAAC ACAACAGGGT 1800  
 CAACAGAGTC AATTCATTTT CCCCACGTG ACCATCACAA GCATCAATGC CTGCAATAGT 1860  
 45 AACGCCAGCG CTGCCCAAAC GTCATATCC AATGAGCCGC AAGCGCATAT GGCCACAACG 1920

5 GAGTCCACGC TGACCAATGG CAACAACAAC AGCAGCTCCA ACAACGGGAG CAGCGCCAAC 1980  
 AACAAATAGCA GCAGCAGCAG CAGCTGCTCC AATGGTCACC TGCACTCGCT GACTGGAAGT 2040  
 CAAGTGTCCA CGCATTGGGC TACCTCGCAA GTGTGGAATG TCAGTGGCAG CAGCTCGGCC 2100  
 ACCTACACCT CCAGTCTGGT GAACAGCGGC AGTTTCTTTC CGCGGAAATT GAGCAATGCT 2160  
 GGCCTGGACA AGCGGGTGCC CTTTACCAGC GAATATACGG ACACGCACAA GTCGAATGAT 2220  
 5 AGCGACAAGA CGGTTTCGTT GTCGGGCAGC GCCAGCACTG ACTCGGATCG CACGCCTGTG 2280  
 CGTTTGGACT CCACAGAGGA TGGCGACTCG GGCCAATGGC GGCAGAACTC CATATCATTG 2340  
 AAGGAATGGG ATATACCCTA TGGCGATTG CACTTGCTGG AGCGCATTGG ACAGGGTCGA 2400  
 TTTGGCACCG TGCATCGGGC ACTGTGGCAT GGCATGTCG CTGTGAAGCT GCTCAATGAA 2460  
 GACTATCTGC AGGACGAGCA CATGCTGGAA TCGTTTCGCA ACGAGGTGGC CAATTTCAAG 2520  
 10 AAGACGCGAC ACGAGAATCT GGTGCTGTTT ATGGGCGCCT GCATGAATCC GCCGTATTTG 2580  
 GCCATTGTCA CGGCACATATG CAAGGGCAAC ACCCTGTACA CCTATATACA TCAGCGAAGG 2640  
 GAGAAGTTTG CAATGAATCG CACGTTGTTG ATTGCCCAAC AGATTGCCCA GGGCATGGGC 2700  
 TATTTGCATG CCAGGGACAT AATACACAAG GATCTGCGCA CCAAGAACAT TTTTATAGAG 2760  
 AATGGCAAGG TGATCATTAC GGACTTTGGC CTATTACAGT CCACAAAGCT GCTGTACTGT 2820  
 15 GATATGGGCT TGGGTGTTCC ACAAACCTGG CTCTGCTACC TGGCCCCGGA ACTAATACGC 2880  
 GCCCTGCAGC CGTGCAAGCC ACCCGGCGAG TGTCTAGAGT TCACGTCCTA CTCGGATGTT 2940  
 TACTCATTTG GCACCGTTTG GTACGAGCTA ATTTGCGGCG AATTCACGTT CAAGGATCAA 3000  
 CCGGCGGAGT CAATCATTG GCAAGTGGGG CGCGGCATGA AACAGTCGCT GGCCAATCTG 3060  
 CAGTCTGGTC GTGATGTCAA GGACCTGCTG ATGCTGTGCT GGACCTATGA AAAGGAGCAC 3120  
 20 AGGCCGGACT TTGCACGCT GCTCTCCTTG CTGGAGCATT TGCCAAAGAA GCGCCTGGCA 3180  
 CGCAGTCCCT CGCATCCTGT CAACCTCTCG CGCTCAGCGG AATCTGTATT CTAACCAGCC 3240  
 GATATACAAA TATATACGTT TATAGACAAA TATGTCATAT ATGTAAGCAG GCGCGCACAC 3300  
 ACTCACACAC ACACACACTC TATTTAGCAC AATTTACAGT TATATGTAAA TGTAACTAC 3360  
 ACACATATGC AAACATACGT ATGTCACTTT AACTGTAATT GTTGTGCGTG CAAAATGTCA 3420  
 25 AATGTGAAAT TAGCTCTCCG GTAAGGGAAG CAAGAGAATG CGGAGAGCAA AGCTCACTTC 3480  
 CTCAGCCTCA TGTATGTGTA TGTATGTGTA CGACCCTACG ACTCTCAAAG AAAAGTTCAA 3540  
 AGTGCATGTG TTACAAAACA AAAAAGTGTA AATATACATT TAAAGCAAAT GAAACGAAAC 3600  
 TATACATATA TGTGTATATC CAATTATAGC AATTTACAAA TGCATTGTCA AAATAGTTTT 3660  
 TATCTTTAAT TATGTATTGA A 3681

30

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:4:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1003 amino acids  
 (B) TYPE: amino acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: not relevant  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: not relevant

35

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:4:

40 Met Ser Ser Ser Ala Ala Ala Gln Leu Thr Ala Pro Pro Val Ser Asn  
 1 5 10 15  
 Ser Asn Ser Ser Ser Ser Asn Asn Asn Thr Thr Thr Thr Ala Ser Glu  
 20 25 30  
 Ser Asn Leu Ile Ile Ile Gln Asp Met Ile Asp Leu Ser Ala Asn His  
 35 40 45  
 45 Leu Glu Gly Leu Arg Thr Gln Cys Ala Thr Ser Ala Thr Leu Thr Gln

|    |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |  |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|
|    | 50  |     | 55  |     | 60  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |  |
|    | Gln | Glu | Ile | Arg | Cys | Leu | Glu | Ser | Lys | Leu | Val | Arg | Tyr | Phe | Ser | Glu |  |
|    | 65  |     |     |     |     | 70  |     |     |     |     | 75  |     |     |     | 80  |     |  |
|    | Leu | Leu | Leu | Thr | Lys | Thr | Arg | Leu | Asn | Glu | Arg | Ile | Pro | Ala | Asn | Gly |  |
|    |     |     |     |     | 85  |     |     |     |     | 90  |     |     |     |     | 95  |     |  |
| 5  | Leu | Leu | Pro | His | His | Gln | Ala | Thr | Gly | Asn | Glu | Leu | Arg | Gln | Trp | Leu |  |
|    |     |     |     |     | 100 |     |     |     |     | 105 |     |     |     | 110 |     |     |  |
|    | Arg | Val | Val | Gly | Leu | Ser | Pro | Glu | Ser | Leu | Asn | Ala | Cys | Leu | Ala | Arg |  |
|    |     |     |     |     | 115 |     |     |     |     | 120 |     |     |     | 125 |     |     |  |
|    | Leu | Thr | Thr | Leu | Glu | Gln | Thr | Leu | Gln | Leu | Ser | Asp | Glu | Glu | Leu | Lys |  |
| 10 |     |     |     |     | 130 |     |     |     |     | 135 |     |     |     | 140 |     |     |  |
|    | Gln | Leu | Leu | Ala | His | Asn | Ser | Ser | Thr | Gln | Leu | Asp | Glu | Glu | Leu | Arg |  |
|    | 145 |     |     |     |     | 150 |     |     |     |     | 155 |     |     |     | 160 |     |  |
|    | Arg | Leu | Thr | Lys | Ala | Met | His | Asn | Leu | Arg | Lys | Cys | Met | Glu | Thr | Leu |  |
|    |     |     |     |     | 165 |     |     |     |     | 170 |     |     |     | 175 |     |     |  |
| 15 | Asp | Ser | Ser | Gly | Ala | Val | Ala | Ser | Asn | Val | Asp | Pro | Glu | Gln | Trp | His |  |
|    |     |     |     |     | 180 |     |     |     |     | 185 |     |     |     | 190 |     |     |  |
|    | Trp | Asp | Ser | Trp | Asp | Arg | Pro | His | Pro | His | His | Met | His | Arg | Gly | Ser |  |
|    |     |     |     |     | 195 |     |     |     |     | 200 |     |     |     | 205 |     |     |  |
|    | Ile | Gly | Asn | Ile | Gly | Leu | Gly | Leu | Ser | Ser | Ala | Ser | Pro | Arg | Ala | His |  |
| 20 |     |     |     |     | 210 |     |     |     |     | 215 |     |     |     | 220 |     |     |  |
|    | His | Arg | Gln | His | Gln | His | Gln | His | Ala | Asn | Ser | Lys | Pro | Lys | Ile | Val |  |
|    | 225 |     |     |     |     | 230 |     |     |     |     | 235 |     |     |     | 240 |     |  |
|    | Asn | Asn | Ser | Ala | Ser | Ser | Ser | Arg | Ser | Glu | Gln | Gln | Pro | Leu | Thr | Gly |  |
|    |     |     |     |     | 245 |     |     |     |     | 250 |     |     |     | 255 |     |     |  |
| 25 | Ser | Gln | Leu | Thr | Leu | Thr | Leu | Thr | Pro | Ser | Pro | Pro | Asn | Ser | Pro | Phe |  |
|    |     |     |     |     | 260 |     |     |     |     | 265 |     |     |     | 270 |     |     |  |
|    | Thr | Pro | Ala | Ser | Gly | Thr | Ala | Ser | Ala | Ser | Gly | Thr | Pro | Gln | Arg | Ser |  |
|    |     |     |     |     | 275 |     |     |     |     | 280 |     |     |     | 285 |     |     |  |
|    | Arg | Ser | Thr | Thr | Thr | Ala | Ala | Gly | Thr | Pro | Pro | Pro | Ala | Lys | Lys | His |  |
| 30 |     |     |     |     | 290 |     |     |     |     | 295 |     |     |     | 300 |     |     |  |
|    | Gln | Thr | Leu | Leu | Met | His | Asn | Ser | Ser | Ala | Ser | Glu | Thr | Ala | Leu | Ala |  |
|    | 305 |     |     |     |     | 310 |     |     |     |     | 315 |     |     |     | 320 |     |  |
|    | Glu | Gln | Pro | Pro | Arg | Pro | Pro | Arg | Ser | Arg | Leu | Pro | Thr | Asp | Pro | Ser |  |
|    |     |     |     |     | 325 |     |     |     |     | 330 |     |     |     | 335 |     |     |  |
| 35 | Pro | Asp | Ser | His | Ser | Ser | Ala | Ser | Ser | Ser | Asp | Ile | Phe | Val | Asp | Gly |  |
|    |     |     |     |     | 340 |     |     |     |     | 345 |     |     |     | 350 |     |     |  |
|    | Gly | Ser | Ile | Asn | Ser | Ser | Asn | Val | Leu | Leu | Val | Pro | Pro | Ser | Pro | Gly |  |
|    |     |     |     |     | 355 |     |     |     |     | 360 |     |     |     | 365 |     |     |  |
|    | Val | Ala | His | Val | Gly | Met | Gly | His | Thr | Ile | Lys | His | Arg | Phe | Ser | Lys |  |
| 40 |     |     |     |     | 370 |     |     |     |     | 375 |     |     |     | 380 |     |     |  |
|    | Trp | Phe | Gly | Phe | Met | Ala | Thr | Cys | Lys | Leu | Cys | Gln | Lys | Gln | Met | Met |  |
|    | 385 |     |     |     |     | 390 |     |     |     |     | 395 |     |     |     | 400 |     |  |
|    | Ser | His | Trp | Phe | Lys | Cys | Thr | Asp | Cys | Lys | Tyr | Ile | Cys | His | Lys | Ser |  |
|    |     |     |     |     | 405 |     |     |     |     | 410 |     |     |     | 415 |     |     |  |
| 45 | Cys | Ala | Pro | His | Val | Pro | Pro | Ser | Cys | Gly | Leu | Pro | Pro | Glu | Tyr | Val |  |



|    |  |   |  |     |  |     |  |  |     |
|----|--|---|--|-----|--|-----|--|--|-----|
|    |  | 420   |  | 425 |  | 430 |  |  |     |
|    |  | His Glu Phe Arg Gln Thr Gln Val Gly Gly Arg Trp Asp Pro Ala Gln |  |     |  |     |  |  |     |
|    |  | 435   |  | 440 |  | 445 |  |  |     |
|    |  | His Ser Ser Ser Lys Ala Ser Pro Val Pro Arg Lys Ser Thr Leu Gly |  |     |  |     |  |  |     |
|    |  | 450   |  | 455 |  | 460 |  |  |     |
| 5  |  | Lys Pro Gln Leu Gln Gln Pro Gln Leu Gln His Gly Asp Ser Ser Ser |  |     |  |     |  |  |     |
|    |  | 465   |  | 470 |  | 475 |  |  | 480 |
|    |  | Pro Ser Ser Ser Cys Thr Ser Ser Thr Pro Ser Ser Pro Ala Leu Phe |  |     |  |     |  |  |     |
|    |  | 485   |  | 490 |  | 495 |  |  |     |
|    |  | Gln Gln Gln Gln Leu Gln Leu Ala Thr Pro Ser Ala Cys Gln Pro Lys |  |     |  |     |  |  |     |
| 10 |  | 500   |  | 505 |  | 510 |  |  |     |
|    |  | Pro Ala Pro Ala Ala Val Ala Ala Ala Ala Thr Gln Gln Gly Gln Gln |  |     |  |     |  |  |     |
|    |  | 515   |  | 520 |  | 525 |  |  |     |
|    |  | Ser Gln Phe Asn Phe Pro Asn Val Thr Ile Thr Ser Ile Asn Ala Cys |  |     |  |     |  |  |     |
|    |  | 530   |  | 535 |  | 540 |  |  |     |
| 15 |  | Asn Ser Asn Ala Ser Ala Ala Gln Thr Leu Ile Ser Asn Glu Pro Gln |  |     |  |     |  |  |     |
|    |  | 545   |  | 550 |  | 555 |  |  | 560 |
|    |  | Ala His Met Ala Thr Thr Glu Ser Thr Leu Thr Asn Gly Asn Asn Asn |  |     |  |     |  |  |     |
|    |  | 565   |  | 570 |  | 575 |  |  |     |
|    |  | Ser Ser Ser Asn Asn Gly Ser Ser Ala Asn Asn Asn Ser Ser Ser Ser |  |     |  |     |  |  |     |
| 20 |  | 580   |  | 585 |  | 590 |  |  |     |
|    |  | Ser Ser Cys Ser Asn Gly His Leu His Ser Leu Thr Gly Ser Gln Val |  |     |  |     |  |  |     |
|    |  | 595   |  | 600 |  | 605 |  |  |     |
|    |  | Ser Thr His Ser Ala Thr Ser Gln Val Ser Asn Val Ser Gly Ser Ser |  |     |  |     |  |  |     |
|    |  | 610   |  | 615 |  | 620 |  |  |     |
| 25 |  | Ser Ala Thr Tyr Thr Ser Ser Leu Val Asn Ser Gly Ser Phe Phe Pro |  |     |  |     |  |  |     |
|    |  | 625   |  | 630 |  | 635 |  |  | 640 |
|    |  | Arg Lys Leu Ser Asn Ala Gly Val Asp Lys Arg Val Pro Phe Thr Ser |  |     |  |     |  |  |     |
|    |  | 645   |  | 650 |  | 655 |  |  |     |
|    |  | Glu Tyr Thr Asp Thr His Lys Ser Asn Asp Ser Asp Lys Thr Val Ser |  |     |  |     |  |  |     |
| 30 |  | 660   |  | 665 |  | 670 |  |  |     |
|    |  | Leu Ser Gly Ser Ala Ser Thr Asp Ser Asp Arg Thr Pro Val Arg Leu |  |     |  |     |  |  |     |
|    |  | 675   |  | 680 |  | 685 |  |  |     |
|    |  | Asp Ser Thr Glu Asp Gly Asp Ser Gly Gln Trp Arg Gln Asn Ser Ile |  |     |  |     |  |  |     |
|    |  | 690   |  | 695 |  | 700 |  |  |     |
| 35 |  | Ser Leu Lys Glu Trp Asp Ile Pro Tyr Gly Asp Leu His Leu Leu Glu |  |     |  |     |  |  |     |
|    |  | 705   |  | 710 |  | 715 |  |  | 720 |
|    |  | Arg Ile Gly Gln Gly Arg Phe Gly Thr Val His Arg Ala Leu Trp His |  |     |  |     |  |  |     |
|    |  | 725   |  | 730 |  | 735 |  |  |     |
|    |  | Gly Asp Val Ala Val Lys Leu Leu Asn Glu Asp Tyr Leu Gln Asp Glu |  |     |  |     |  |  |     |
| 40 |  | 740   |  | 745 |  | 750 |  |  |     |
|    |  | His Met Leu Glu Ser Phe Arg Asn Glu Val Ala Asn Phe Lys Lys Thr |  |     |  |     |  |  |     |
|    |  | 755   |  | 760 |  | 765 |  |  |     |
|    |  | Arg His Glu Asn Leu Val Leu Phe Met Gly Ala Cys Met Asn Pro Pro |  |     |  |     |  |  |     |
|    |  | 770   |  | 775 |  | 780 |  |  |     |
| 45 |  | Tyr Leu Ala Ile Val Thr Ala Leu Cys Lys Gly Asn Thr Leu Tyr Thr |  |     |  |     |  |  |     |

785                      790                      795                      800  
 Tyr Ile His Gln Arg Arg Glu Lys Phe Ala Met Asn Arg Thr Leu Leu  
                                  805                      810                      815  
 Ile Ala Gln Gln Ile Ala Gln Gly Met Gly Tyr Leu His Ala Arg Asp  
                                  820                      825                      830  
 5    Ile Ile His Lys Asp Leu Arg Thr Lys Asn Ile Phe Ile Glu Asn Gly  
                                  835                      840                      845  
 Lys Val Ile Ile Thr Asp Phe Gly Leu Phe Ser Ser Thr Lys Leu Leu  
                                  850                      855                      860  
 10    Tyr Cys Asp Met Gly Leu Gly Val Pro Gln Asn Trp Leu Cys Tyr Leu  
                                  865                      870                      875                      880  
 Ala Pro Glu Leu Ile Arg Ala Leu Gln Pro Cys Lys Pro Pro Gly Glu  
                                  885                      890                      895  
 Cys Leu Glu Phe Thr Ser Tyr Ser Asp Val Tyr Ser Phe Gly Thr Val  
                                  900                      905                      910  
 15    Trp Tyr Glu Leu Ile Cys Gly Glu Phe Thr Phe Lys Asp Gln Pro Ala  
                                  915                      920                      925  
 Glu Ser Ile Ile Trp Gln Val Gly Arg Gly Met Lys Gln Ser Leu Ala  
                                  930                      935                      940  
 20    Asn Leu Gln Ser Gly Arg Asp Val Lys Asp Leu Leu Met Leu Cys Trp  
                                  945                      950                      955                      960  
 Thr Tyr Glu Lys Glu His Arg Pro Asp Phe Ala Arg Leu Leu Ser Leu  
                                  965                      970                      975  
 Leu Glu His Leu Pro Lys Lys Arg Leu Ala Arg Ser Pro Ser His Pro  
                                  980                      985                      990  
 25    Val Asn Leu Ser Arg Ser Ala Glu Ser Val Phe  
                                  995                      1000

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:5:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 30    (A) LENGTH: 4094 base pairs  
       (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
       (C) STRANDEDNESS: double  
       (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:5:

35    GAATTCCCTC GGGGCTTTCC TGCCGAGGCG CCCGTGTCCC CGGGCTCCTC GCCTCGGCCC    60  
       CCAGCGGCCC CGATGCCGAG GCATGGATAG AGCGGCGTTG CGCGCGGCAG CGATGGGCGA    120  
       GAAAAAGGAG GGC GGCGGCG GGGGCGCCGC GCGGACGGG GGCGCAGGGG CCGCCGTCAG    180  
       CCGGGCGCTG CAGCAGTGCG GCCAGCTGCA GAAGCTCATC GATATCTCCA TCGGCAGTCT    240  
 40    GCGCGGGCTG CGCACCAAGT GCTCAGTGTC TAACGACCTC ACACAGCAGG AGATCCGGAC    300  
       CCTAGAGGCA AAGCTGGTGA AATACATTTG CAAGCAGCAG CAGAGCAAGC TTAGTGTGAC    360  
       CCCAAGCGAC AGGACCGCCG AGCTCAACAG CTACCCACGC TTCAGTGA CTGGCTGTACAT    420  
       CTTCAACGTG AGGCTGAGG TGGTGCAGGA GATCCCCCAA GAGCTCACAC TGGATGCTCT    480  
       GCTGGAGATG GACGAGGCCA AAGCCAAGGA GATGCTGCGG CGCTGGGGGG CCAGCACGGA    540  
 45    GGAGTGCAGC CGCTACAGC AAGCCCTTAC CTGCCTTCGG AAGGTGACTG GCCTGGGAGG    600

|    |   |      |
|----|---|------|
|    | GGAGCACAAA ATGGACTCAG GTTGGAGTTC AACAGATGCT CGAGACAGTA GCTTGGGGCC | 660  |
|    | TCCCATGGAC ATGCTTTCTT CGCTGGGCAG AGCGGGTGCC AGCACTCAGG GACCCCGTTC | 720  |
|    | CATCTCCGTG TCCGCCCTGC CTGCCTCAGA CTCTCCGGTC CCCGGCCTCA GTGAGGGCCT | 780  |
|    | CTCGGACTCC TGTATCCCCT TGCACACCAG CGGCCGGCTG ACCCCCCGGG CCCTGCACAG | 840  |
|    | CTTCATCAGC CCCCCTACCA CACCCAGCT ACGACGGCAC GCCAAGCTGA AGCCACCAAG  | 900  |
| 5  | GACACCCCA CCGCCAAGCC GCAAGGTCTT CCAGCTGCTC CCCAGCTTCC CCACACTCAC  | 960  |
|    | ACGGAGCAAG TCCCACGAGT CCCAGCTGGG AAACCGAATC GACGACGTCA CCCCAGTGAA | 1020 |
|    | GTTTGAATC CTTTCATGGAT CCCACAGCT GGTACGAAGG GATATCGGGC TCTCGGTGAC  | 1080 |
|    | GCACAGGTTT TCCACAAAGT CATGGTTGTC ACAGGTGTGC AACGTGTGCC AGAAGAGCAT | 1140 |
|    | GATTTTGGC GTGAAGTGCA AACACTGCAG GTTAAAATGC CATAACAAGT GCACAAAGGA  | 1200 |
| 10 | AGCTCCCGCC TGCAGGATCA CCTTCCTCCC ACTGGCCAGG CTTGGAGGA CAGAGTCTGT  | 1260 |
|    | CCCGTCAGAT ATCAACAACC CAGTGGACAG AGCAGCAGAG CCCATTTTG GAACCCCTCC  | 1320 |
|    | CAAGGCCCTG ACAAAGAAGG AGCACCTCC AGCCATGAAC CTGGACTCCA GCAGCAACCC  | 1380 |
|    | ATCCTCCACC ACGTCTCCA CACCTCATC GCCGGCACCT TTCTGACCT CATCTAATCC    | 1440 |
|    | CTCAGTGCC ACCACGCCTC CCAACCCGTC ACCTGGCCAG CGGACAGCA GGTTCAGCTT   | 1500 |
| 15 | CCCGACATT TCAGCCTGTT CTCAGGCAGC CCCGCTGTCC AGCACAGCCG ACAGTACACG  | 1560 |
|    | GCTCGACGAC CAGCCCAAAA CAGATGTGCT AGGTGTTCAC GAAGCAGAGG CTGAGGAGCC | 1620 |
|    | TGAGGCTGGC AAGTCAGAGG CAGAGGATGA CGAGGAGGAT GAGGTGGACG ACCTCCCCAG | 1680 |
|    | CTCCCGCCGG CCCTGGAGGG GCCCCATCTC TCGAAAGGCC AGCCAGACCA GCGTTTACCT | 1740 |
|    | GCAAGAGTGG GACATCCCCT TTGAACAGGT GGAAGTGGG GAGCCCATG GACAGGTCG    | 1800 |
| 20 | CTGGGGCCGG GTGCACCGAG GCCGTGGCA TGGCGAGGTG GCCATTGGC TGCTGGAGAT   | 1860 |
|    | GGACGGCCAC AATCAGGACC ACCTGAAGCT GTTCAAGAAA GAGGTGATGA ACTACCGCA  | 1920 |
|    | GACGCGGCAT GAGAACGTGG TGCTCTTCAT GGGGGCCTGC ATGAACCCAC CTCACCTGGC | 1980 |
|    | CATTATCACC AGCTTCTGCA AGGGGCGGAC ATTGCATTCA TTCGTGAGGG ACCCCAAGAC | 2040 |
|    | GTCTCTGGAC ATCAATAAGA CTAGGCAGAT CGCCCAGGAG ATCATCAAGG GCATGGGTTA | 2100 |
| 25 | TCTTCATGCA AAAGGCATCG TGCACAAGGA CCTCAAGTCC AAGAATGTCT TCTATGACAA | 2160 |
|    | CGGCAAAGTG GTCATCACAG ACTTCGGGCT GTTTGGGATC TCGGGTGTGG TCCGAGAGGA | 2220 |
|    | ACGGCGCGAG AACCAACTGA AACTGTCACA TGACTGGCTG TGCTACCTGG CCCCCGAGAT | 2280 |
|    | CGTACGAGAA ATGATCCCGG GCGGGACGA GGACCAGCTG CCCTTCTCCA AAGCAGCCGA  | 2340 |
|    | TGTCTATGCA TTCGGGACTG TGTGGTATGA ACTACAGGCA AGAGACTGGC CTTTAAAGCA | 2400 |
| 30 | CCAGCCTGCT GAGGCCTTGA TCTGGCAGAT TGAAGTGGG GAAGGAGTAC GCGCGTCCT   | 2460 |
|    | GGCATCCGTC AGCCTGGGGA AGGAAGTCGG CGAGATCCTG TCTGCCTGCT GGGCTTTCGA | 2520 |
|    | TCTGCAGGAG AGACCCAGCT TCAGCCTGCT GATGGACATG CTGGAGAGGC TGCCCAAGCT | 2580 |
|    | GAACCGCGG CTCTCCACC CTGGGCATT TTGGAAGTCG GCTGACATTA ACAGCAGCAA    | 2640 |
|    | AGTCATGCCC CGCTTTGAAA GGTTCGGCCT GGGGACCCTG GAGTCCGGTA ATCCAAAGAT | 2700 |
| 35 | GTAGCCAGCC CTGCACGTTT ATGCAGAGAG TGTCTTCCTT TCGAAAACAT GATCACGAAA | 2760 |
|    | CATGCAGACC ACCACCTCAA GGAATCAGAA GCATTGCATC CCAAGCTGCG GACTGGGAGC | 2820 |
|    | GTGTCCTCTC CCTAAAGGAC GTGCGTGGT GCGTGGTGC GTGCGTGGT GCGTGGTCA     | 2880 |
|    | CCAAGGTGTG TGGAGCTCAG GATCGCAGCC ATACACGCAA CTCCAGATGA TACCACTACC | 2940 |
|    | GCCAGTGTTC ACACAGAGGT TTCTGCCTGG CAAGCTTGGT ATTTTACAGT AGGTGAAGAT | 3000 |
| 40 | CATTCTGCAG AAGGGTGGT GCACAGTGA GCAGCACGGA TGTCCCAGC CCCCCTTCTG    | 3060 |
|    | GAAGACCCTA CAGCTGTGAG AGGCCAGGG TTGAGCCAGA TGAAAGAAAA GCTGCGTGGG  | 3120 |
|    | TGTGGGCTGT ACCCGGAAAA GGCAGGTGG CAGGAGGTTT GCCTTGGCCT GTGCTTGGG   | 3180 |
|    | CGAGAACCAC ACTAAGGAGC AGCAGCCTGA GTTAGGAATC TATCTGGATT ACGGGGATCA | 3240 |
|    | GAGTTCCTGG AGAGTGGACT CAGTTCTGTC TCTGATCCAG GCCTGTTGTG CTTTTTTTTT | 3300 |
| 45 | TTCCCCCTTA AAAAAAAAAA AGTACAGACA GAATCTCAGC GGCTTCTAGA CTGATCTGAT | 3360 |

|    |   |      |
|----|---|------|
|    | GGATCTTAGC CCGGCTTCTA CTGCGGGGGG GAGGGGGGGA GGGATAGCCA CATATCTGTG | 3420 |
|    | GAGACACCCA CTTCTTTATC TGAGGCCTCC AGGTAGGCAC AAAGGCTGTG GAACTCAGCC | 3480 |
|    | TCTATCATCA GACACCCCCC CCCAATGCCT CATTGACCCC CTTCCCCCAG AGCCAAGGGC | 3540 |
|    | TAGCCCATCG GGTGTGTGTA CAGTAAGTTC TTGGTGAAGG AGAACAGGGA CGTTGGCAGA | 3600 |
|    | AGCAGTTTGC AGTGGCCCTA GCATCTTAAA ACCCATTTGC TGTACACCA GAAGTTCTA   | 3660 |
| 5  | GACCTACCAC CACTTCCCTT CCCCATCTCA TGGAAACCTT TTAGCCCATT CTGACCCCTG | 3720 |
|    | TGTGTGCTCT GAGCTCAGAT CGGGTTATGA GACCGCCAG GCACATCAGT CAGGGAGGCT  | 3780 |
|    | CTGATGTGAG CCGCAGACCT CTGTGTTTAT TCCTATGAGC TGGAGGGGCT GGACTGGGTG | 3840 |
|    | GGGTGAGATG TGCTTGGCAG GAACTGTGAG CTGCTGAGCA GGGTGGTCCC TGAGCGGAGG | 3900 |
|    | ATAAGCAGCA TCAGACTCCA CAACCAGAGG AAGAAAGAAA TGGGGATGGA GCGGAGACCC | 3960 |
| 10 | ACGGGCTGAG TCCCCTGTG GAGTGGCCTT GCAGCTCCCT CTCAGTTAAA ACTCCCAGTA  | 4020 |
|    | AAGCCACAGT TCTCCGAGCA CCCAAGTCTG CTCCAGCCGT CTCTTAAAC AGGCCACTCT  | 4080 |
|    | CTGAGAAGGA ATTC   | 4094 |

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:6:

15 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 873 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: not relevant

(D) TOPOLOGY: not relevant

20 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:6:

|     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Met | Asp | Arg | Ala | Ala | Leu | Arg | Ala | Ala | Ala | Met | Gly | Glu | Lys | Lys | Glu |
| 1   |     |     |     |     | 5   |     |     |     |     | 10  |     |     |     |     | 15  |
| Gly | Gly | Gly | Gly | Gly | Ala | Ala | Ala | Ala | Asp | Gly | Gly | Ala | Gly | Ala | Val |
|     |     |     |     |     | 20  |     |     |     |     | 25  |     |     |     |     | 30  |
| Ser | Arg | Ala | Leu | Gln | Gln | Cys | Gly | Gln | Leu | Gln | Lys | Leu | Ile | Asp | Ile |
|     |     |     |     |     | 35  |     |     |     |     | 40  |     |     |     |     | 45  |
| Ser | Ile | Gly | Ser | Leu | Arg | Gly | Leu | Arg | Thr | Lys | Cys | Ser | Val | Ser | Asn |
|     |     |     |     |     | 50  |     |     |     |     | 55  |     |     |     |     | 60  |
| Asp | Leu | Thr | Gln | Gln | Glu | Ile | Arg | Thr | Leu | Glu | Ala | Lys | Leu | Val | Lys |
|     |     |     |     |     | 65  |     |     |     |     | 70  |     |     |     |     | 75  |
| Tyr | Ile | Cys | Lys | Gln | Gln | Gln | Ser | Lys | Leu | Ser | Val | Thr | Pro | Ser | Asp |
|     |     |     |     |     | 85  |     |     |     |     | 90  |     |     |     |     | 95  |
| Arg | Thr | Ala | Glu | Leu | Asn | Ser | Tyr | Pro | Arg | Phe | Ser | Asp | Trp | Leu | Tyr |
|     |     |     |     |     | 100 |     |     |     |     | 105 |     |     |     |     | 110 |
| Ile | Phe | Asn | Val | Arg | Pro | Glu | Val | Val | Gln | Glu | Ile | Pro | Gln | Glu | Leu |
|     |     |     |     |     | 115 |     |     |     |     | 120 |     |     |     |     | 125 |
| Thr | Leu | Asp | Ala | Leu | Leu | Glu | Met | Asp | Glu | Ala | Lys | Ala | Lys | Glu | Met |
|     |     |     |     |     | 130 |     |     |     |     | 135 |     |     |     |     | 140 |
| Leu | Arg | Arg | Trp | Gly | Ala | Ser | Thr | Glu | Glu | Cys | Ser | Arg | Leu | Gln | Gln |
|     |     |     |     |     | 145 |     |     |     |     | 150 |     |     |     |     | 155 |
| Ala | Leu | Thr | Cys | Leu | Arg | Lys | Val | Thr | Gly | Leu | Gly | Gly | Glu | His | Lys |
|     |     |     |     |     | 165 |     |     |     |     | 170 |     |     |     |     | 175 |
| Met | Asp | Ser | Gly | Trp | Ser | Ser | Thr | Asp | Ala | Arg | Asp | Ser | Ser | Leu | Gly |
|     |     |     |     |     | 180 |     |     |     |     | 185 |     |     |     |     | 190 |

|    |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |  |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|
|    | Pro | Pro | Met | Asp | Met | Leu | Ser | Ser | Leu | Gly | Arg | Ala | Gly | Ala | Ser | Thr |  |
|    |     |     |     | 195 |     |     |     |     | 200 |     |     |     |     | 205 |     |     |  |
|    | Gln | Gly | Pro | Arg | Ser | Ile | Ser | Val | Ser | Ala | Leu | Pro | Ala | Ser | Asp | Ser |  |
|    |     | 210 |     |     |     |     | 215 |     |     |     |     | 220 |     |     |     |     |  |
| 5  | Pro | Val | Pro | Gly | Leu | Ser | Glu | Gly | Leu | Ser | Asp | Ser | Cys | Ile | Pro | Leu |  |
|    | 225 |     |     |     |     | 230 |     |     |     |     | 235 |     |     |     | 240 |     |  |
|    | His | Thr | Ser | Gly | Arg | Leu | Thr | Pro | Arg | Ala | Leu | His | Ser | Phe | Ile | Thr |  |
|    |     |     |     | 245 |     |     |     |     |     | 250 |     |     |     |     | 255 |     |  |
|    | Pro | Pro | Thr | Thr | Pro | Gln | Leu | Arg | Arg | His | Ala | Lys | Leu | Lys | Pro | Pro |  |
|    |     |     | 260 |     |     |     |     |     | 265 |     |     |     |     |     | 270 |     |  |
| 10 | Arg | Thr | Pro | Pro | Pro | Pro | Ser | Arg | Lys | Val | Phe | Gln | Leu | Leu | Pro | Ser |  |
|    |     | 275 |     |     |     |     |     | 280 |     |     |     |     | 285 |     |     |     |  |
|    | Phe | Pro | Thr | Leu | Thr | Arg | Ser | Lys | Ser | His | Glu | Ser | Gln | Leu | Gly | Asn |  |
|    |     | 290 |     |     |     | 295 |     |     |     |     |     |     | 300 |     |     |     |  |
| 15 | Arg | Ile | Asp | Asp | Val | Thr | Pro | Met | Lys | Phe | Glu | Leu | Pro | His | Gly | Ser |  |
|    | 305 |     |     |     | 310 |     |     |     |     |     | 315 |     |     |     | 320 |     |  |
|    | Pro | Gln | Leu | Val | Arg | Arg | Asp | Ile | Gly | Leu | Ser | Val | Thr | His | Arg | Phe |  |
|    |     |     |     | 325 |     |     |     |     | 330 |     |     |     |     |     | 335 |     |  |
|    | Ser | Thr | Lys | Ser | Trp | Leu | Ser | Gln | Val | Cys | Asn | Val | Cys | Gln | Lys | Ser |  |
|    |     |     |     | 340 |     |     |     |     | 345 |     |     |     |     | 350 |     |     |  |
| 20 | Met | Ile | Phe | Gly | Val | Lys | Cys | Lys | His | Cys | Arg | Leu | Lys | Cys | His | Asn |  |
|    |     | 355 |     |     |     |     |     | 360 |     |     |     |     | 365 |     |     |     |  |
|    | Lys | Cys | Thr | Lys | Glu | Ala | Pro | Ala | Cys | Arg | Ile | Thr | Phe | Leu | Pro | Leu |  |
|    |     | 370 |     |     |     | 375 |     |     |     |     |     | 380 |     |     |     |     |  |
| 25 | Ala | Arg | Leu | Arg | Arg | Thr | Glu | Ser | Val | Pro | Ser | Asp | Ile | Asn | Asn | Pro |  |
|    | 385 |     |     |     | 390 |     |     |     |     | 395 |     |     |     |     | 400 |     |  |
|    | Val | Asp | Arg | Ala | Ala | Glu | Pro | His | Phe | Gly | Thr | Leu | Pro | Lys | Ala | Leu |  |
|    |     |     |     | 405 |     |     |     |     |     | 410 |     |     |     |     | 415 |     |  |
|    | Thr | Lys | Lys | Glu | His | Pro | Pro | Ala | Met | Asn | Leu | Asp | Ser | Ser | Ser | Asn |  |
|    |     |     |     | 420 |     |     |     |     | 425 |     |     |     |     | 430 |     |     |  |
| 30 | Pro | Ser | Ser | Thr | Thr | Ser | Ser | Thr | Pro | Ser | Ser | Pro | Ala | Pro | Phe | Leu |  |
|    |     | 435 |     |     |     |     |     | 440 |     |     |     |     | 445 |     |     |     |  |
|    | Thr | Ser | Ser | Asn | Pro | Ser | Ser | Ala | Thr | Thr | Pro | Pro | Asn | Pro | Ser | Pro |  |
|    |     | 450 |     |     |     |     | 455 |     |     |     |     | 460 |     |     |     |     |  |
| 35 | Gly | Gln | Arg | Asp | Ser | Arg | Phe | Ser | Phe | Pro | Asp | Ile | Ser | Ala | Cys | Ser |  |
|    | 465 |     |     |     | 470 |     |     |     |     | 475 |     |     |     |     | 480 |     |  |
|    | Gln | Ala | Ala | Pro | Leu | Ser | Ser | Thr | Ala | Asp | Ser | Thr | Arg | Leu | Asp | Asp |  |
|    |     |     |     | 485 |     |     |     |     | 490 |     |     |     |     | 495 |     |     |  |
|    | Gln | Pro | Lys | Thr | Asp | Val | Leu | Gly | Val | His | Glu | Ala | Glu | Ala | Glu | Glu |  |
|    |     |     | 500 |     |     |     |     |     | 505 |     |     |     | 510 |     |     |     |  |
| 40 | Pro | Glu | Ala | Gly | Lys | Ser | Glu | Ala | Glu | Asp | Asp | Glu | Glu | Asp | Glu | Val |  |
|    |     | 515 |     |     |     |     |     | 520 |     |     |     |     | 525 |     |     |     |  |
|    | Asp | Asp | Leu | Pro | Ser | Ser | Arg | Arg | Pro | Trp | Arg | Gly | Pro | Ile | Ser | Arg |  |
|    |     | 530 |     |     |     |     | 535 |     |     |     |     | 540 |     |     |     |     |  |
| 45 | Lys | Ala | Ser | Gln | Thr | Ser | Val | Tyr | Leu | Gln | Glu | Trp | Asp | Ile | Pro | Phe |  |
|    | 545 |     |     |     |     | 550 |     |     |     |     | 555 |     |     |     | 560 |     |  |

Glu Gln Val Glu Leu Gly Glu Pro Ile Gly Gln Gly Arg Trp Gly Arg  
 565 570 575  
 Val His Arg Gly Arg Trp His Gly Glu Val Ala Ile Arg Leu Leu Glu  
 580 585 590  
 Met Asp Gly His Asn Gln Asp His Leu Lys Leu Phe Lys Lys Glu Val  
 595 600 605  
 Met Asn Tyr Arg Gln Thr Arg His Glu Asn Val Val Leu Phe Met Gly  
 610 615 620  
 Ala Cys Met Asn Pro Pro His Leu Ala Ile Ile Thr Ser Phe Cys Lys  
 625 630 635 640  
 Gly Arg Thr Leu His Ser Phe Val Arg Asp Pro Lys Thr Ser Leu Asp  
 645 650 655  
 Ile Asn Lys Thr Arg Gln Ile Ala Gln Glu Ile Ile Lys Gly Met Gly  
 660 665 670  
 Tyr Leu His Ala Lys Gly Ile Val His Lys Asp Leu Lys Ser Lys Asn  
 675 680 685  
 Val Phe Tyr Asp Asn Gly Lys Val Val Ile Thr Asp Phe Gly Leu Phe  
 690 695 700  
 Gly Ile Ser Gly Val Val Arg Glu Glu Arg Arg Glu Asn Gln Leu Lys  
 705 710 715 720  
 Leu Ser His Asp Trp Leu Cys Tyr Leu Ala Pro Glu Ile Val Arg Glu  
 725 730 735  
 Met Ile Pro Gly Arg Asp Glu Asp Gln Leu Pro Phe Ser Lys Ala Ala  
 740 745 750  
 Asp Val Tyr Ala Phe Gly Thr Val Trp Tyr Glu Leu Gln Ala Arg Asp  
 755 760 765  
 Trp Pro Phe Lys His Gln Pro Ala Glu Ala Leu Ile Trp Gln Ile Gly  
 770 775 780  
 Ser Gly Glu Gly Val Arg Arg Val Leu Ala Ser Val Ser Leu Gly Lys  
 785 790 795 800  
 Glu Val Gly Glu Ile Leu Ser Ala Cys Trp Ala Phe Asp Leu Gln Glu  
 805 810 815  
 Arg Pro Ser Phe Ser Leu Leu Met Asp Met Leu Glu Arg Leu Pro Lys  
 820 825 830  
 Leu Asn Arg Arg Leu Ser His Pro Gly His Phe Trp Lys Ser Ala Asp  
 835 840 845  
 Ile Asn Ser Ser Lys Val Met Pro Arg Phe Glu Arg Phe Gly Leu Gly  
 850 855 860  
 Thr Leu Glu Ser Gly Asn Pro Lys Met  
 865 870

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:7:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 2846 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: double

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:7:

|    |            |            |            |             |            |             |      |
|----|------------|------------|------------|-------------|------------|-------------|------|
|    | AGAGCAGCGC | TGCGCTCGGC | CGCGTTGGGA | GAGAAGAAGG  | AGGGCGGTGG | CGGGGGTGAC  | 60   |
|    | GCGGCTATCG | CGGAGGGAGG | TGCAGGGGCC | GCGGCCAGCC  | GGACACTGCA | GCAGTGCGGG  | 120  |
| 5  | CAGCTGCAGA | AGCTCATCGA | CATCTCCATC | GGCAGCCTGC  | GCGGGCTGCG | CACCAAGTGC  | 180  |
|    | GTGGTGTCCA | ACGACCTCAC | CCAGCAGGAG | ATACGGACCC  | TGGAGGCGAA | GCTGGTCCGT  | 240  |
|    | TACATTTGTA | AGCAGAGGCA | GTGCAAGCTG | AGCGTGGCTC  | CCGGTGAGAG | GACCCAGAG   | 300  |
|    | CTCAACAGCT | ACCCCGCTT  | CAGCGACTGG | CTGTACACTT  | TCAACGTGAG | GCCGGAGGTG  | 360  |
|    | GTGCAGGAGA | TCCCCGAGA  | CCTCACGCTG | GATGCCCTGC  | TGGAGATGAA | TGAGGCCAAG  | 420  |
| 10 | GTGAAGGAGA | CGCTGCGGCG | CTGTGGGGCC | AGCGGGGATG  | AGTGTGGCCG | TCTGCAGTAT  | 480  |
|    | GCCCTCACCT | GCCTGCGGAA | GGTGACAGGC | CTGGGAGGGG  | AGCACAAGGA | GGACTCCAGT  | 540  |
|    | TGGAGTTCAT | TGGATGCGCG | GCGGGAAGT  | GGCTCAGGGC  | CTTCCACGGA | CACCCCTCTCA | 600  |
|    | GCAGCCAGCC | TGCCCTGGCC | CCCAGGGAGC | TCCCAGCTGG  | GCAGAGCAGG | CAACAGCGCC  | 660  |
|    | CAGGGCCAC  | GCTCCATCTC | CGTGTCACTC | CTTCCCGCCT  | CAGACTCCCC | CACCCCCAGC  | 720  |
| 15 | TTCAGTGAGG | GCCTCTCAGA | CACCTGTATT | CCCCTGCACG  | CCAGCGGCCG | GCTGACCCCC  | 780  |
|    | CGTGCCCTGC | ACAGCTTCAT | CACCCCGCCC | ACCACACCCC  | AGCTGCGACG | GCACACCAAG  | 840  |
|    | CTGAAGCCAC | CACGGACGCC | CCCCCACCC  | AGCCGCAAGG  | TCTTCCAGCT | GCTGCCCAGC  | 900  |
|    | TTCCCCACAC | TCACCCGAG  | CAAGTCCCAT | GAGTCTCAGC  | TGGGGAACCG | CATTGATGAC  | 960  |
|    | GTCTCCTCGA | TGAGGTTTGA | TCTCTCGCAT | GGATCCCCAC  | AGATGGTACG | GAGGGATATC  | 1020 |
| 20 | GGGCTGTCCG | TGACGCACAG | GTTCTCCACC | AAGTCTTGGC  | TGTCCGAGGT | CTGCCACGTG  | 1080 |
|    | TGCCAGAAGA | GCATGATATT | TGGAGTGAAG | TGCAAGCATT  | GCAGGTTGAA | GTGTCACAAC  | 1140 |
|    | AAATGTACCA | AAGAAGCCCC | TGCTGTAGA  | ATATCCTTCC  | TGCCACTAAC | TGGCTTCGG   | 1200 |
|    | AGGACAGAAT | CTGTCCCTC  | GGACATCAAC | AACCCGGTGG  | ACAGAGCAGC | CGAACCCCAT  | 1260 |
|    | TTTGGAACCC | TCCCCAAAGC | ACTGACAAAG | AAGGAGCACC  | CTCCGGCCAT | GAATCACCTG  | 1320 |
| 25 | GACTCCAGCA | GCAACCTTC  | CTCCACCACC | TCCTCCACAC  | CCTCCTCACC | GGCGCCCTTC  | 1380 |
|    | CCGACATCAT | CCAACCATC  | CAGCGCCACC | ACGCCCCCCA  | ACCCCTCACC | TGGCCAGCGG  | 1440 |
|    | GACAGCAGGT | TCAACTTCCC | AGCTGCCTAC | TTCATTTCATC | ATAGACAGCA | GTTTATCTTT  | 1500 |
|    | CCAGACATTT | CAGCCTTTC  | ACACGCAGCC | CCGCTCCCTG  | AAGCTGCCGA | CGGTACCCGG  | 1560 |
|    | CTCGATGACC | AGCCGAAAGC | AGATGTGTTG | GAAGCTCAGC  | AAGCGGAGGC | TGAGGAGCCA  | 1620 |
| 30 | GAGGCTGGCA | AGTCAGAGGC | AGAAGACGAT | GAGGACGAGG  | TGGACGACTT | GCCGAGCTCT  | 1680 |
|    | CGCCGGCCCT | GGCGGGGCCC | CATCTCTCGC | AAGGCCAGCC  | AGACCAGCGT | GTACCTGCAG  | 1740 |
|    | GAGTGGGACA | TCCCTTTCGA | GCAGGTAGAG | CTGGGCGAGC  | CCATCGGGCA | GGGCCGCTGG  | 1800 |
|    | GGCCGGGTGC | ACCGCGGCCG | CTGGCATGGC | GAGGTGGCCA  | TTCGCCTGCT | GGAGATGGAC  | 1860 |
|    | GGCCACAACC | AGGACCACCT | GAAGCTCTTC | AAGAAAGAGG  | TGATGAACTA | CCGGCAGACG  | 1920 |
| 35 | CGGCATGAGA | ACGTGGTGCT | CTTCATGGGG | GCCTGCATGA  | ACCCGCCCCA | CCTGGCCATT  | 1980 |
|    | ATCACCAGCT | TCTGCAAGGG | GCGACGTTG  | CACCTCGTTG  | TGAGGGACCC | CAAGACGTCT  | 2040 |
|    | CTGGACATCA | ACAAGACGAG | GCAAATCGCT | CAGGAGATCA  | TCAAGGGCAT | GGGATATCTT  | 2100 |
|    | CATGCCAAGG | GCATCGTACA | CAAAGATCTC | AAATCTAAGA  | ACGTCTTCTA | TGACAACGGC  | 2160 |
|    | AAGGTGGTCA | TCACAGACTT | CGGGCTGTTT | GGGATCTCAG  | GCGTGGTCCG | AGAGGGACGG  | 2220 |
| 40 | CGTGAGAACC | AGCTAAAGCT | GTCCACGAC  | TGGCTGTGCT  | ATCTGGCCCC | TGAGATTGTA  | 2280 |
|    | CGCGAGATGA | CCCCCGGGAA | GGACGAGGAT | CAGCTGCCAT  | TCTCCAAAGC | TGCTGATGTC  | 2340 |
|    | TATGCATTTG | GGACTGTTTG | GTATGAGCTG | CAAGCAAGAG  | ACTGGCCCTT | GAAGAACCAG  | 2400 |
|    | GCTGCAGAGG | CATCCATCTG | GCAGATTGGA | AGCGGGGAAG  | GAATGAAGCG | TGTCCTGACT  | 2460 |
|    | TCTGTCAAGT | TGGGGAAGGA | AGTCAGTGAG | ATCCTGTCCG  | CCTGCTGGGC | TTTCGACCTG  | 2520 |
| 45 | CAGGAGAGAC | CCAGCTTCAG | CCTGCTGATG | GACATGCTGG  | AGAAACTTCC | CAAGCTGAAC  | 2580 |

CGGCGGCTCT CCCACCCTGG ACACCTTCTGG AAGTCAGCTG AGTTGTAGGC CTGGCTGCCT 2640  
 TGCATGCACC AGGGGCTTTC TTCCTCCTAA TCAACAACCTC AGCACCGTGA CTTCTGCTAA 2700  
 AATGCAAAAT GAGATGCGGG CACTAACCCA GGGGATGCCA CCTCTGCTGC TCCAGTCGTC 2760  
 TCTCTCGAGG CTACTTCTTT TGCTTTGTTT TAAAAACTGG CCCTCTGCCC TCTCCACGTG 2820  
 GCCTGCATAT GCCCAAGCCG GAATTC 2846

5

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:8:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 875 amino acids  
 (B) TYPE: amino acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: not relevant  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: not relevant

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## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:8:

Arg Ala Ala Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Leu Gly Glu Lys Lys Glu Gly Gly  
 1 5 10 15  
 Gly Gly Gly Asp Ala Ala Ile Ala Glu Gly Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala  
 20 25 30  
 Ser Arg Thr Leu Gln Gln Cys Gly Gln Leu Gln Lys Leu Ile Asp Ile  
 35 40 45  
 Ser Ile Gly Ser Leu Arg Gly Leu Arg Thr Lys Cys Val Val Ser Asn  
 50 55 60  
 Asp Leu Thr Gln Gln Glu Ile Arg Thr Leu Glu Ala Lys Leu Val Arg  
 65 70 75 80  
 Tyr Ile Cys Lys Gln Arg Gln Cys Lys Leu Ser Val Ala Pro Gly Glu  
 85 90 95  
 Arg Thr Pro Glu Leu Asn Ser Tyr Pro Arg Phe Ser Asp Trp Leu Tyr  
 100 105 110  
 Thr Phe Asn Val Arg Pro Glu Val Val Gln Glu Ile Pro Arg Asp Leu  
 115 120 125  
 Thr Leu Asp Ala Leu Leu Glu Met Asn Glu Ala Lys Val Lys Glu Thr  
 130 135 140  
 Leu Arg Arg Cys Gly Ala Ser Gly Asp Glu Cys Gly Arg Leu Gln Tyr  
 145 150 155 160  
 Ala Leu Thr Cys Leu Arg Lys Val Thr Gly Leu Gly Gly Glu His Lys  
 165 170 175  
 Glu Asp Ser Ser Trp Ser Ser Leu Asp Ala Arg Arg Glu Ser Gly Ser  
 180 185 190  
 Gly Pro Ser Thr Asp Thr Leu Ser Ala Ala Ser Leu Pro Trp Pro Pro  
 195 200 205  
 Gly Ser Ser Gln Leu Gly Arg Ala Gly Asn Ser Ala Gln Gly Pro Arg  
 210 215 220  
 Ser Ile Ser Val Ser Ala Leu Pro Ala Ser Asp Ser Pro Thr Pro Ser  
 225 230 235 240  
 Phe Ser Glu Gly Leu Ser Asp Thr Cys Ile Pro Leu His Ala Ser Gly  
 245 250 255

45



|    |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |  |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|
|    | Arg | Leu | Thr | Pro | Arg | Ala | Leu | His | Ser | Phe | Ile | Thr | Pro | Pro | Thr | Thr |  |
|    |     |     |     | 260 |     |     |     |     | 265 |     |     |     |     |     |     | 270 |  |
|    | Pro | Gln | Leu | Arg | Arg | His | Thr | Lys | Leu | Lys | Pro | Pro | Arg | Thr | Pro | Pro |  |
|    |     |     |     | 275 |     |     |     | 280 |     |     |     |     | 285 |     |     |     |  |
| 5  | Pro | Pro | Ser | Arg | Lys | Val | Phe | Gln | Leu | Leu | Pro | Ser | Phe | Pro | Thr | Leu |  |
|    |     |     |     | 290 |     |     | 295 |     |     |     |     | 300 |     |     |     |     |  |
|    | Thr | Arg | Ser | Lys | Ser | His | Glu | Ser | Gln | Leu | Gly | Asn | Arg | Ile | Asp | Asp |  |
|    | 305 |     |     |     |     | 310 |     |     |     |     | 315 |     |     |     | 320 |     |  |
|    | Val | Ser | Ser | Met | Arg | Phe | Asp | Leu | Ser | His | Gly | Ser | Pro | Gln | Met | Val |  |
|    |     |     |     |     | 325 |     |     |     |     | 330 |     |     |     |     | 335 |     |  |
| 10 | Arg | Arg | Asp | Ile | Gly | Leu | Ser | Val | Thr | His | Arg | Phe | Ser | Thr | Lys | Ser |  |
|    |     |     |     | 340 |     |     |     |     | 345 |     |     |     |     |     | 350 |     |  |
|    | Trp | Leu | Ser | Gln | Val | Cys | His | Val | Cys | Gln | Lys | Ser | Met | Ile | Phe | Gly |  |
|    |     |     |     | 355 |     |     |     | 360 |     |     |     |     | 365 |     |     |     |  |
| 15 | Val | Lys | Cys | Lys | His | Cys | Arg | Leu | Lys | Cys | His | Asn | Lys | Cys | Thr | Lys |  |
|    |     | 370 |     |     |     | 375 |     |     |     |     | 380 |     |     |     |     |     |  |
|    | Glu | Ala | Pro | Ala | Cys | Arg | Ile | Ser | Phe | Leu | Pro | Leu | Thr | Arg | Leu | Arg |  |
|    | 385 |     |     |     |     | 390 |     |     |     |     | 395 |     |     |     | 400 |     |  |
|    | Arg | Thr | Glu | Ser | Val | Pro | Ser | Asp | Ile | Asn | Asn | Pro | Val | Asp | Arg | Ala |  |
|    |     |     |     |     | 405 |     |     |     |     | 410 |     |     |     |     | 415 |     |  |
| 20 | Ala | Glu | Pro | His | Phe | Gly | Thr | Leu | Pro | Lys | Ala | Leu | Thr | Lys | Lys | Glu |  |
|    |     |     |     | 420 |     |     |     |     | 425 |     |     |     |     |     | 430 |     |  |
|    | His | Pro | Pro | Ala | Met | Asn | His | Leu | Asp | Ser | Ser | Ser | Asn | Pro | Ser | Ser |  |
|    |     |     |     | 435 |     |     |     | 440 |     |     |     |     | 445 |     |     |     |  |
| 25 | Thr | Thr | Ser | Ser | Thr | Pro | Ser | Ser | Pro | Ala | Pro | Phe | Pro | Thr | Ser | Ser |  |
|    |     | 450 |     |     |     | 455 |     |     |     |     | 460 |     |     |     |     |     |  |
|    | Asn | Pro | Ser | Ser | Ala | Thr | Thr | Pro | Pro | Asn | Pro | Ser | Pro | Gly | Gln | Arg |  |
|    | 465 |     |     |     |     | 470 |     |     |     |     | 475 |     |     |     | 480 |     |  |
|    | Asp | Ser | Arg | Phe | Asn | Phe | Pro | Ala | Ala | Tyr | Phe | Ile | His | His | Arg | Gln |  |
|    |     |     |     | 485 |     |     |     |     |     | 490 |     |     |     |     | 495 |     |  |
| 30 | Gln | Phe | Ile | Phe | Pro | Asp | Ile | Ser | Ala | Phe | Ala | His | Ala | Ala | Pro | Leu |  |
|    |     |     |     | 500 |     |     |     |     | 505 |     |     |     |     | 510 |     |     |  |
|    | Pro | Glu | Ala | Ala | Asp | Gly | Thr | Arg | Leu | Asp | Asp | Gln | Pro | Lys | Ala | Asp |  |
|    |     |     |     | 515 |     |     |     | 520 |     |     |     |     | 525 |     |     |     |  |
| 35 | Val | Leu | Glu | Ala | His | Glu | Ala | Glu | Ala | Glu | Glu | Pro | Glu | Ala | Gly | Lys |  |
|    |     | 530 |     |     |     | 535 |     |     |     |     | 540 |     |     |     |     |     |  |
|    | Ser | Glu | Ala | Glu | Asp | Asp | Glu | Asp | Glu | Val | Asp | Asp | Leu | Pro | Ser | Ser |  |
|    | 545 |     |     |     |     | 550 |     |     |     |     | 555 |     |     |     | 560 |     |  |
|    | Arg | Arg | Pro | Trp | Arg | Gly | Pro | Ile | Ser | Arg | Lys | Ala | Ser | Gln | Thr | Ser |  |
|    |     |     |     | 565 |     |     |     |     |     | 570 |     |     |     |     | 575 |     |  |
| 40 | Val | Tyr | Leu | Gln | Glu | Trp | Asp | Ile | Pro | Phe | Glu | Gln | Val | Glu | Leu | Gly |  |
|    |     |     |     | 580 |     |     |     |     | 585 |     |     |     |     |     | 590 |     |  |
|    | Glu | Pro | Ile | Gly | Gln | Gly | Arg | Trp | Gly | Arg | Val | His | Arg | Gly | Arg | Trp |  |
|    |     |     |     | 595 |     |     |     | 600 |     |     |     |     | 605 |     |     |     |  |
| 45 | His | Gly | Glu | Val | Ala | Ile | Arg | Leu | Leu | Glu | Met | Asp | Gly | His | Asn | Gln |  |
|    |     | 610 |     |     |     |     | 615 |     |     |     |     | 620 |     |     |     |     |  |

|    |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |  |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|
|    | Asp | His | Leu | Lys | Leu | Phe | Lys | Lys | Glu | Val | Met | Asn | Tyr | Arg | Gln | Thr |  |
|    | 625 |     |     |     |     | 630 |     |     |     |     | 635 |     |     |     |     | 640 |  |
|    | Arg | His | Glu | Asn | Val | Leu | Phe | Met | Gly | Ala | Cys | Met | Asn | Pro | Pro |     |  |
|    |     |     |     |     | 645 |     |     |     |     | 650 |     |     |     |     | 655 |     |  |
| 5  | His | Leu | Ala | Ile | Ile | Thr | Ser | Phe | Cys | Lys | Gly | Arg | Thr | Leu | His | Ser |  |
|    |     |     |     |     | 660 |     |     |     |     | 665 |     |     |     |     | 670 |     |  |
|    | Phe | Val | Arg | Asp | Pro | Lys | Thr | Ser | Leu | Asp | Ile | Asn | Lys | Thr | Arg | Gln |  |
|    |     |     |     |     | 675 |     |     |     |     | 680 |     |     |     |     | 685 |     |  |
|    | Ile | Ala | Gln | Glu | Ile | Ile | Lys | Gly | Met | Gly | Tyr | Leu | His | Ala | Lys | Gly |  |
|    |     |     |     |     | 690 |     |     |     |     | 695 |     |     |     |     | 700 |     |  |
| 10 | Ile | Val | His | Lys | Asp | Leu | Lys | Ser | Lys | Asn | Val | Phe | Tyr | Asp | Asn | Gly |  |
|    |     |     |     |     | 705 |     |     |     |     | 710 |     |     |     |     | 715 |     |  |
|    | Lys | Val | Val | Ile | Thr | Asp | Phe | Gly | Leu | Phe | Gly | Ile | Ser | Gly | Val | Val |  |
|    |     |     |     |     | 725 |     |     |     |     | 730 |     |     |     |     | 735 |     |  |
|    | Arg | Glu | Gly | Arg | Arg | Glu | Asn | Gln | Leu | Lys | Leu | Ser | His | Asp | Trp | Leu |  |
| 15 |     |     |     |     | 740 |     |     |     |     | 745 |     |     |     |     | 750 |     |  |
|    | Cys | Tyr | Leu | Ala | Pro | Glu | Ile | Val | Arg | Glu | Met | Thr | Pro | Gly | Lys | Asp |  |
|    |     |     |     |     | 755 |     |     |     |     | 760 |     |     |     |     | 765 |     |  |
|    | Glu | Asp | Gln | Leu | Pro | Phe | Ser | Lys | Ala | Ala | Asp | Val | Tyr | Ala | Phe | Gly |  |
|    |     |     |     |     | 770 |     |     |     |     | 775 |     |     |     |     | 780 |     |  |
| 20 | Thr | Val | Trp | Tyr | Glu | Leu | Gln | Ala | Arg | Asp | Trp | Pro | Leu | Lys | Asn | Gln |  |
|    |     |     |     |     | 785 |     |     |     |     | 790 |     |     |     |     | 795 |     |  |
|    | Ala | Ala | Glu | Ala | Ser | Ile | Trp | Gln | Ile | Gly | Ser | Gly | Glu | Gly | Met | Lys |  |
|    |     |     |     |     | 805 |     |     |     |     | 810 |     |     |     |     | 815 |     |  |
|    | Arg | Val | Leu | Thr | Ser | Val | Ser | Leu | Gly | Lys | Glu | Val | Ser | Glu | Ile | Leu |  |
| 25 |     |     |     |     | 820 |     |     |     |     | 825 |     |     |     |     | 830 |     |  |
|    | Ser | Ala | Cys | Trp | Ala | Phe | Asp | Leu | Gln | Glu | Arg | Pro | Ser | Phe | Ser | Leu |  |
|    |     |     |     |     | 835 |     |     |     |     | 840 |     |     |     |     | 845 |     |  |
|    | Leu | Met | Asp | Met | Leu | Glu | Lys | Leu | Pro | Lys | Leu | Asn | Arg | Arg | Leu | Ser |  |
|    |     |     |     |     | 850 |     |     |     |     | 855 |     |     |     |     | 860 |     |  |
| 30 | His | Pro | Gly | His | Phe | Trp | Lys | Ser | Ala | Glu | Leu |     |     |     |     |     |  |
|    | 865 |     |     |     | 870 |     |     |     |     | 875 |     |     |     |     |     |     |  |

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:9:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 35 (A) LENGTH: 2126 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: double  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:9:

|         |       |        |         |        |         |         |       |        |        |         |       |     |
|---------|-------|--------|---------|--------|---------|---------|-------|--------|--------|---------|-------|-----|
| GAATTC  | CGGC  | ACACAT | CAGC    | ACTCAC | ACAG    | CACACAG | CAC   | ACACAG | CA     | CACAT   | CAGCG | 60  |
| CACACAC | AGC   | TTTCAT | CACCCCG | CCCC   | ACCACAC | CCCC    | AGCTG | CGACG  | GCACAC | CAAG    | 120   |     |
| CTGAAG  | CCAC  | CACGGA | CGCC    | CCCCCA | CCCC    | AGCCG   | CAAGG | TCTTCC | AGCT   | GCTGCC  | CAGC  | 180 |
| TTCCCC  | ACAC  | TCACCC | GGAG    | CAAGT  | CCAT    | GAGTCT  | CAGC  | TGGGGA | AACCG  | CATTGAT | GAC   | 240 |
| GTCTCT  | CTCGA | TGAGGT | TTGA    | TCTCTC | GCAT    | GGATCCC | CCAC  | AGATGG | TACG   | GAGGGAT | ATC   | 300 |

|    |            |            |             |             |            |            |      |
|----|------------|------------|-------------|-------------|------------|------------|------|
|    | GGGCTGTCGG | TGACGCACAG | GTTCTCCACC  | AAGTCCTGGC  | TGTCGCAGGT | CTGCCACGTG | 360  |
|    | TGCCAGAAGA | GCATGATATT | TGGAGTGAAG  | TGCAAGCATT  | GCAGGTTGAA | GTGTCACAAC | 420  |
|    | AAATGTACCA | AAGAAGCCCC | TGCCTGTAGA  | ATATCCTTCC  | TGCCACTAAC | TCGGCTTCGG | 480  |
|    | AGGACAGAAT | CTGTCCCTTC | GGACATCAAC  | AACCCGGTGG  | ACAGAGCAGC | CGAACCCCAT | 540  |
|    | TTTGGAACCC | TCCCCAAAGC | ACTGACAAAG  | AAGGAGCACC  | CTCCGGCCAT | GAATCACCTG | 600  |
| 5  | GACTCCAGCA | GCAACCCTTC | CTCCACCACC  | TCCTCCACAC  | CCTCCTCACC | GGCGCCCTTC | 660  |
|    | CCGACATCAT | CCAACCCATC | CAGCGCCACC  | ACGCCCCCCA  | ACCCCTCACC | TGGCCAGCGG | 720  |
|    | GACAGCAGGT | TCAACTTCCC | AGCTGCCTAC  | TTCATTTCATC | ATAGACAGCA | GTTTATCTTT | 780  |
|    | CCAGACATTT | CAGCCTTTGC | ACACGCAGCC  | CCGCTCCCTG  | AAGCTGCCGA | CGGTACCCGG | 840  |
|    | CTCGATGACC | AGCCGAAAGC | AGATGTGTTG  | GAAGCTCACG  | AAGCGGAGGC | TGAGGAGCCA | 900  |
| 10 | GAGGCTGGCA | AGTCAGAGGC | AGAAGACGAT  | GAGGACGAGG  | TGGACGACTT | GCCGAGCTCT | 960  |
|    | CGCCGGCCCT | GGCGGGGCCC | CATCTCTCGC  | AAGGCCAGCC  | AGACCAGCGT | GTACCTGCAG | 1020 |
|    | GAGTGGGACA | TCCCCTTTGA | GCAGGTAGAG  | CTGGGCGAGC  | CCATCGGGCA | GGGCCGCTGG | 1080 |
|    | GGCCGGGTGC | ACCGCGGCCG | CTGGCATGGC  | GAGGTGGCCA  | TTCCCTTGCT | GGAGATGGAC | 1140 |
|    | GGCCACAACC | AGGACCACCT | GAAGCTCTTC  | AAGAAAGAGG  | TGATGAACTA | CCGCCAGACG | 1200 |
| 15 | CGGCATGAGA | ACGTGGTGCT | CTTCATGGGG  | GCCTGCATGA  | ACCCGCCCCA | CCTGGCCATT | 1260 |
|    | ATCACCAGCT | TCTGCAAGGG | GCGGACGTTG  | CACTCGTTTG  | TGAGGGACCC | CAAGACGTCT | 1320 |
|    | CTGGACATCA | ACAAGACGAG | GCAAATCGCT  | CAGGAGATCA  | TCAAGGGCAT | GGGATATCTT | 1380 |
|    | CATGCCAAGG | GCATCGTACA | CAAAGATCTC  | AAATCTAAGA  | ACGTCTTCTA | TGACAACGGC | 1440 |
|    | AAGGTGGTCA | TCACAGACTT | CGGGCTGTTT  | GGGATCTCAG  | GCGTGGTCCG | AGAGGGACGG | 1500 |
| 20 | CGTGAGAACC | AGCTAAAGCT | GTCCACGAC   | TGGCTGTGCT  | ATCTGGCCCC | TGAGATTGTA | 1560 |
|    | CGCGAGATGA | CCCCCGGGAA | GGACGAGGAT  | CAGCTGCCAT  | TCTCCAAAGC | TGCTGATGTC | 1620 |
|    | TATGCATTTG | GGACTGTTTG | GTATGAGCTG  | CAAGCAAGAG  | ACTGGCCCTT | GAAGAACCAG | 1680 |
|    | GCTGCAGAGG | CATCCATCTG | GCAGATTGGA  | AGCGGGGAAG  | GAATGAAGCG | TGTCCTGACT | 1740 |
|    | TCTGTGAGCT | TGGGGAAGGA | AGTCAGTGAG  | ATCCTGTCCG  | CCTGTCTGGC | TTTCGACCTG | 1800 |
| 25 | CAGGAGAGAC | CCAGCTTCAG | CCTGCTGATG  | GACATGCTGG  | AGAAACTTCC | CAAGCTGAAC | 1860 |
|    | CGGCGGCTCT | CCCACCTGG  | ACACTTCTGG  | AAGTCAGCTG  | AGTTGTAGGC | CTGGCTGCCT | 1920 |
|    | TGCATGCACC | AGGGGCTTTC | TTCTCTCTAA  | TCAACAATC   | AGCACCGTGA | CTTCTGCTAA | 1980 |
|    | AATGCAAAAT | GAGATGCGGG | CACTAACCCTA | GGGGATGCCA  | CCTCTGCTGC | TCCAGTCGTC | 2040 |
|    | TCTCTCGAGG | CTACTTCTTT | TGCTTTGTTT  | TAAAAACTGG  | CCCTCTGCCC | TCTCCACGTG | 2100 |
| 30 | GCCTGCATAT | GCCCAAGCCG | GAATTC      |             |            |            | 2126 |

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:10:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 635 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: not relevant

(D) TOPOLOGY: not relevant

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:10:

|    |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 40 | Glu | Phe | Arg | His | Thr | Ser | Ala | Leu | Thr | Gln | His | Thr | Ala | His | Thr | Gln |
|    | 1   |     |     |     | 5   |     |     |     |     | 10  |     |     |     |     | 15  |     |
|    | His | Thr | Ser | Ala | His | Thr | Gln | His | Ser | Phe | Ile | Thr | Pro | Pro | Thr | Thr |
|    |     |     |     | 20  |     |     |     |     |     | 25  |     |     |     |     | 30  |     |
|    | Pro | Gln | Leu | Arg | Arg | His | Thr | Lys | Leu | Lys | Pro | Pro | Arg | Thr | Pro | Pro |
| 45 |     |     | 35  |     |     |     |     | 40  |     |     |     |     |     |     | 45  |     |

Pro Pro Ser Arg Lys Val Phe Gln Leu Leu Pro Ser Phe Pro Thr Leu  
 50 55 60  
 Thr Arg Ser Lys Ser His Glu Ser Gln Leu Gly Asn Arg Ile Asp Asp  
 65 70 75 80  
 Val Ser Ser Met Arg Phe Asp Leu Ser His Gly Ser Pro Gln Met Val  
 85 90 95  
 Arg Arg Asp Ile Gly Leu Ser Val Thr His Arg Phe Ser Thr Lys Ser  
 100 105 110  
 Trp Leu Ser Gln Val Cys His Val Cys Gln Lys Ser Met Ile Phe Gly  
 115 120 125  
 Val Lys Cys Lys His Cys Arg Leu Lys Cys His Asn Lys Cys Thr Lys  
 130 135 140  
 Glu Ala Pro Ala Cys Arg Ile Ser Phe Leu Pro Leu Thr Arg Leu Arg  
 145 150 155 160  
 Arg Thr Glu Ser Val Pro Ser Asp Ile Asn Asn Pro Val Asp Arg Ala  
 165 170 175  
 Ala Glu Pro His Phe Gly Thr Leu Pro Lys Ala Leu Thr Lys Lys Glu  
 180 185 190  
 His Pro Pro Ala Met Asn His Leu Asp Ser Ser Ser Asn Pro Ser Ser  
 195 200 205  
 Thr Thr Ser Ser Thr Pro Ser Ser Pro Ala Pro Phe Pro Thr Ser Ser  
 210 215 220  
 Asn Pro Ser Ser Ala Thr Thr Pro Pro Asn Pro Ser Pro Gly Gln Arg  
 225 230 235 240  
 Asp Ser Arg Phe Asn Phe Pro Ala Ala Tyr Phe Ile His His Arg Gln  
 245 250 255  
 Gln Phe Ile Phe Pro Asp Ile Ser Ala Phe Ala His Ala Ala Pro Leu  
 260 265 270  
 Pro Glu Ala Ala Asp Gly Thr Arg Leu Asp Asp Gln Pro Lys Ala Asp  
 275 280 285  
 Val Leu Glu Ala His Glu Ala Glu Ala Glu Glu Pro Glu Ala Gly Lys  
 290 295 300  
 Ser Glu Ala Glu Asp Asp Glu Asp Glu Val Asp Asp Leu Pro Ser Ser  
 305 310 315 320  
 Arg Arg Pro Trp Arg Gly Pro Ile Ser Arg Lys Ala Ser Gln Thr Ser  
 325 330 335  
 Val Tyr Leu Gln Glu Trp Asp Ile Pro Phe Glu Gln Val Glu Leu Gly  
 340 345 350  
 Glu Pro Ile Gly Gln Gly Arg Trp Gly Arg Val His Arg Gly Arg Trp  
 355 360 365  
 His Gly Glu Val Ala Ile Arg Leu Leu Glu Met Asp Gly His Asn Gln  
 370 375 380  
 Asp His Leu Lys Leu Phe Lys Lys Glu Val Met Asn Tyr Arg Gln Thr  
 385 390 395 400  
 Arg His Glu Asn Val Val Leu Phe Met Gly Ala Cys Met Asn Pro Pro  
 405 410 415

His Leu Ala Ile Ile Thr Ser Phe Cys Lys Gly Arg Thr Leu His Ser  
 420 425 430  
 Phe Val Arg Asp Pro Lys Thr Ser Leu Asp Ile Asn Lys Thr Arg Gln  
 435 440 445  
 Ile Ala Gln Glu Ile Ile Lys Gly Met Gly Tyr Leu His Ala Lys Gly  
 5 450 455 460  
 Ile Val His Lys Asp Leu Lys Ser Lys Asn Val Phe Tyr Asp Asn Gly  
 465 470 475 480  
 Lys Val Val Ile Thr Asp Phe Gly Leu Phe Gly Ile Ser Gly Val Val  
 485 490 495  
 10 Arg Glu Gly Arg Arg Glu Asn Gln Leu Lys Leu Ser His Asp Trp Leu  
 500 505 510  
 Cys Tyr Leu Ala Pro Glu Ile Val Arg Glu Met Thr Pro Gly Lys Asp  
 515 520 525  
 Glu Asp Gln Leu Pro Phe Ser Lys Ala Ala Asp Val Tyr Ala Phe Gly  
 15 530 535 540  
 Thr Val Trp Tyr Glu Leu Gln Ala Arg Asp Trp Pro Leu Lys Asn Gln  
 545 550 555 560  
 Ala Ala Glu Ala Ser Ile Trp Gln Ile Gly Ser Gly Glu Gly Met Lys  
 565 570 575  
 20 Arg Val Leu Thr Ser Val Ser Leu Gly Lys Glu Val Ser Glu Ile Leu  
 580 585 590  
 Ser Ala Cys Trp Ala Phe Asp Leu Gln Glu Arg Pro Ser Phe Ser Leu  
 595 600 605  
 Leu Met Asp Met Leu Glu Lys Leu Pro Lys Leu Asn Arg Arg Leu Ser  
 25 610 615 620  
 His Pro Gly His Phe Trp Lys Ser Ala Glu Leu  
 625 630 635

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:11:

30 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 326 amino acids  
 (B) TYPE: amino acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: not relevant  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: not relevant  
 35 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide  
 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:11:  
 Asp Ala Lys Ser Ser Glu Glu Asn Trp Asn Ile Leu Ala Glu Glu Ile  
 1 5 10 15  
 Leu Ile Gly Pro Arg Ile Gly Ser Gly Ser Phe Gly Thr Val Tyr Arg  
 20 25 30  
 40 Ala His Trp His Gly Pro Val Pro Val Lys Thr Leu Asn Val Lys Thr  
 35 40 45  
 Pro Ser Pro Ala Gln Leu Gln Ala Phe Lys Asn Glu Val Ala Met Leu  
 50 55 60  
 45 Lys Lys Thr Arg His Cys Asn Ile Leu Ile Phe Met Gly Cys Val Ser

|    | 65              | 70                  |                     |             |     | 75 |  |  |     | 80 |  |  |  |
|----|-----------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------------|-----|----|--|--|-----|----|--|--|--|
|    | Lys Pro Ser Leu | Ala Ile Val Thr     | Gln Trp Cys Glu Gly | Ser Ser Leu |     |    |  |  |     |    |  |  |  |
|    | 85              |                     |                     |             | 90  |    |  |  | 95  |    |  |  |  |
|    | Tyr Lys His Val | His Val Ser Glu Thr | Lys Phe Lys Leu     | Asn Thr Leu |     |    |  |  |     |    |  |  |  |
|    | 100             |                     |                     |             | 105 |    |  |  | 110 |    |  |  |  |
| 5  | Ile Asp Ile Gly | Arg Gln Val Ala Gln | Gln Met Asp Tyr     | Leu His Ala |     |    |  |  |     |    |  |  |  |
|    | 115             |                     |                     |             | 120 |    |  |  | 125 |    |  |  |  |
|    | Lys Asn Ile Ile | His Arg Asp Leu Lys | Ser Asn Asn Ile     | Phe Leu His |     |    |  |  |     |    |  |  |  |
|    | 130             |                     |                     |             | 135 |    |  |  | 140 |    |  |  |  |
|    | Glu Asp Leu Ser | Val Lys Ile Gly Asp | Phe Gly Leu Ala     | Thr Ala Lys |     |    |  |  |     |    |  |  |  |
| 10 | 145             |                     |                     |             | 150 |    |  |  | 155 |    |  |  |  |
|    | Thr Arg Trp Ser | Gly Glu Lys Gln Ala | Asn Gln Pro Thr     | Gly Ser Ile |     |    |  |  |     |    |  |  |  |
|    | 165             |                     |                     |             | 170 |    |  |  | 175 |    |  |  |  |
|    | Leu Trp Met Ala | Pro Glu Val Ile Arg | Met Gln Glu Leu     | Asn Pro Tyr |     |    |  |  |     |    |  |  |  |
|    | 180             |                     |                     |             | 185 |    |  |  | 190 |    |  |  |  |
| 15 | Ser Phe Gln Ser | Asp Val Tyr Ala Phe | Gly Ile Val Met     | Tyr Glu Leu |     |    |  |  |     |    |  |  |  |
|    | 195             |                     |                     |             | 200 |    |  |  | 205 |    |  |  |  |
|    | Leu Ala Glu Cys | Leu Pro Tyr Gly His | Ile Ser Asn Lys     | Asp Gln Ile |     |    |  |  |     |    |  |  |  |
|    | 210             |                     |                     |             | 215 |    |  |  | 220 |    |  |  |  |
|    | Leu Phe Met Val | Gly Arg Gly Leu Leu | Arg Pro Asp Met     | Ser Gln Val |     |    |  |  |     |    |  |  |  |
| 20 | 225             |                     |                     |             | 230 |    |  |  | 235 |    |  |  |  |
|    | Arg Ser Asp Ala | Arg Arg His Ser Lys | Arg Ile Ala Glu     | Asp Cys Ile |     |    |  |  |     |    |  |  |  |
|    | 245             |                     |                     |             | 250 |    |  |  | 255 |    |  |  |  |
|    | Lys Tyr Thr Pro | Lys Asp Arg Pro Leu | Phe Arg Pro Leu     | Leu Trp Met |     |    |  |  |     |    |  |  |  |
|    | 260             |                     |                     |             | 265 |    |  |  | 270 |    |  |  |  |
| 25 | Leu Glu Asn Met | Leu Arg Thr Leu Pro | Lys Ile His Arg     | Ser Ala Ser |     |    |  |  |     |    |  |  |  |
|    | 275             |                     |                     |             | 280 |    |  |  | 285 |    |  |  |  |
|    | Glu Pro Asn Leu | Thr Gln Ser Gln Leu | Gln Asn Asp Glu     | Phe Leu Tyr |     |    |  |  |     |    |  |  |  |
|    | 290             |                     |                     |             | 295 |    |  |  | 300 |    |  |  |  |
|    | Leu Pro Ser Pro | Lys Thr Pro Val Asn | Phe Asn Asn Phe     | Gln Phe Phe |     |    |  |  |     |    |  |  |  |
| 30 | 305             |                     |                     |             | 310 |    |  |  | 315 |    |  |  |  |
|    | Gly Ser Ala Gly | Asn Ile             |                     |             |     |    |  |  |     |    |  |  |  |
|    | 325             |                     |                     |             |     |    |  |  |     |    |  |  |  |

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:12:

35 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 315 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: not relevant
- (D) TOPOLOGY: not relevant

40 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:12:

Gly Gln Arg Asp Ser Ser Tyr Tyr Trp Glu Ile Glu Ala Ser Glu Val  
 1 5 10 15  
 Met Leu Ser Thr Arg Ile Gly Ser Gly Ser Phe Gly Thr Val Tyr Lys  
 45 20 25 30

|    |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |  |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|
|    | Cys | Lys | Trp | His | Gly | Asp | Val | Ala | Val | Lys | Ile | Leu | Lys | Val | Val | Asp |  |
|    | 35  |     |     |     |     |     |     | 40  |     |     |     |     | 45  |     |     |     |  |
|    | Pro | Thr | Pro | Glu | Gln | Phe | Gln | Ala | Phe | Arg | Asn | Glu | Val | Ala | Val | Leu |  |
|    | 50  |     |     |     |     |     | 55  |     |     |     |     | 60  |     |     |     |     |  |
| 5  | Arg | Lys | Thr | Arg | His | Val | Asn | Ile | Leu | Leu | Phe | Met | Gly | Tyr | Met | Thr |  |
|    | 65  |     |     |     | 70  |     |     |     |     |     | 75  |     |     |     | 80  |     |  |
|    | Lys | Asp | Asn | Leu | Ala | Ile | Val | Thr | Gln | Trp | Cys | Glu | Gly | Ser | Ser | Leu |  |
|    |     |     |     | 85  |     |     |     |     |     | 90  |     |     |     | 95  |     |     |  |
|    | Tyr | Lys | His | Leu | His | Val | Gln | Glu | Thr | Lys | Phe | Gln | Met | Phe | Gln | Leu |  |
|    |     |     |     | 100 |     |     |     |     | 105 |     |     |     |     | 110 |     |     |  |
| 10 | Ile | Asp | Ile | Ala | Arg | Gln | Thr | Ala | Gln | Gly | Met | Asp | Tyr | Leu | His | Ala |  |
|    |     | 115 |     |     |     |     |     | 120 |     |     |     |     | 125 |     |     |     |  |
|    | Lys | Asn | Ile | Ile | His | Arg | Asp | Met | Lys | Ser | Asn | Asn | Ile | Phe | Leu | His |  |
|    |     | 130 |     |     |     |     | 135 |     |     |     |     | 140 |     |     |     |     |  |
|    | Glu | Gly | Leu | Thr | Val | Lys | Ile | Gly | Asp | Phe | Gly | Leu | Ala | Thr | Val | Lys |  |
| 15 |     | 145 |     |     |     | 150 |     |     |     |     | 155 |     |     |     | 160 |     |  |
|    | Ser | Arg | Trp | Ser | Gly | Ser | Gln | Gln | Val | Glu | Gln | Pro | Thr | Gly | Ser | Val |  |
|    |     |     |     | 165 |     |     |     |     |     | 170 |     |     |     | 175 |     |     |  |
|    | Leu | Trp | Met | Ala | Pro | Glu | Val | Ile | Arg | Met | Gln | Asp | Asn | Asn | Pro | Phe |  |
|    |     |     |     | 180 |     |     |     |     | 185 |     |     |     | 190 |     |     |     |  |
| 20 | Ser | Phe | Gln | Ser | Asp | Val | Tyr | Ser | Tyr | Gly | Ile | Val | Leu | Tyr | Glu | Leu |  |
|    |     | 195 |     |     |     |     |     | 200 |     |     |     |     | 205 |     |     |     |  |
|    | Met | Thr | Gly | Glu | Leu | Pro | Tyr | Ser | His | Ile | Asn | Asn | Arg | Asp | Gln | Ile |  |
|    |     | 210 |     |     |     |     | 215 |     |     |     |     | 220 |     |     |     |     |  |
|    | Ile | Phe | Met | Val | Gly | Arg | Gly | Tyr | Ala | Ser | Pro | Asp | Leu | Ser | Lys | Leu |  |
| 25 |     | 225 |     |     |     | 230 |     |     |     |     | 235 |     |     |     | 240 |     |  |
|    | Tyr | Lys | Asn | Cys | Pro | Lys | Ala | Met | Lys | Arg | Leu | Val | Ala | Asp | Cys | Val |  |
|    |     |     |     | 245 |     |     |     |     | 250 |     |     |     | 255 |     |     |     |  |
|    | Lys | Lys | Val | Lys | Glu | Glu | Arg | Pro | Leu | Phe | Pro | Gln | Ile | Leu | Ser | Ser |  |
|    |     |     |     | 260 |     |     |     |     | 265 |     |     |     | 270 |     |     |     |  |
| 30 | Ile | Glu | Leu | Leu | Gln | His | Ser | Leu | Pro | Lys | Ile | Asn | Arg | Ser | Ala | Ser |  |
|    |     | 275 |     |     |     |     |     | 280 |     |     |     |     | 285 |     |     |     |  |
|    | Glu | Pro | Ser | Leu | His | Arg | Ala | Ala | His | Thr | Glu | Asp | Ile | Asn | Ala | Cys |  |
|    |     | 290 |     |     |     |     | 295 |     |     |     |     | 300 |     |     |     |     |  |
|    | Thr | Leu | Thr | Thr | Ser | Pro | Arg | Leu | Pro | Val | Phe |     |     |     |     |     |  |
| 35 |     | 305 |     |     |     | 310 |     |     |     | 315 |     |     |     |     |     |     |  |

**WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:**

1. An isolated kinase suppressor of ras (Ksr) protein.
2. An isolated kinase suppressor of ras (Ksr) protein according to claim 1, wherein said protein is mammalian.
3. An isolated kinase suppressor of ras (Ksr) protein according to claim 1, wherein said protein is human.
4. An isolated nucleic acid encoding a kinase suppressor of ras (Ksr) according to claim 1.
5. An isolated nucleic acid encoding a kinase suppressor of ras (Ksr) according to claim 1, said nucleic acid capable of hybridizing with SEQUENCE ID NO: 1, 3, 5, or 7 under low stringency conditions.
6. An isolated nucleic acid having the sequence defined by or complementary or reverse complementary to SEQUENCE ID NO:1, 3, 5 or 7, or a fragment thereof capable of hybridizing with a nucleic acid having the sequence defined by SEQUENCE ID NO:1, 3, 5 or 7 under low stringency conditions.
7. A nucleic acid according to claim 5, wherein said low stringency conditions are defined by a hybridization buffer consisting essentially of 1% Bovine Serum Albumin (BSA); 500 mM sodium phosphate ( $\text{NaPO}_4$ ); 1mM EDTA; 7% SDS at a temperature of 42°C and a wash buffer consisting essentially of 2X SSC (600 mM NaCl; 60 mM Na Citrate); 0.1% SDS at 50°C.
8. A nucleic acid according to claim 5, wherein said low stringency conditions are defined by a hybridization buffer consisting essentially of 1% Bovine Serum Albumin (BSA); 500 mM sodium phosphate ( $\text{NaPO}_4$ ); 15% formamide; 1 mM EDTA; 7% SDS at a temperature of 50°C and a wash buffer consisting essentially of 1X SSC (300 mM NaCl; 30 mM Na Citrate); 0.1% SDS at 50°C.
9. A nucleic acid according to claim 5, wherein said low stringency conditions are defined by a hybridization buffer consisting essentially of 1% Bovine Serum Albumin (BSA); 200 mM sodium phosphate ( $\text{NaPO}_4$ ); 15% formamide; 1mM EDTA; 7% SDS at a temperature of 50°C and a wash buffer consisting essentially of 0.5X SSC (150 mM NaCl; 15 mM Na Citrate); 0.1% SDS at 65°C.



10. A nucleic acid according to claim 6, wherein said low stringency conditions are defined by a hybridization buffer consisting essentially of 1% Bovine Serum Albumin (BSA); 500 mM sodium phosphate ( $\text{NaPO}_4$ ); 1mM EDTA; 7% SDS at a temperature of 42°C and a wash buffer consisting essentially of 2X SSC (600 mM NaCl; 60 mM Na Citrate); 0.1% SDS at 50°C.

11. A nucleic acid according to claim 6, wherein said low stringency conditions are defined by a hybridization buffer consisting essentially of 1% Bovine Serum Albumin (BSA); 500 mM sodium phosphate ( $\text{NaPO}_4$ ); 15% formamide; 1 mM EDTA; 7% SDS at a temperature of 50°C and a wash buffer consisting essentially of 1X SSC (300 mM NaCl; 30 mM Na Citrate); 0.1% SDS at 50°C.

12. A nucleic acid according to claim 6, wherein said low stringency conditions are defined by a hybridization buffer consisting essentially of 1% Bovine Serum Albumin (BSA); 200 mM sodium phosphate ( $\text{NaPO}_4$ ); 15% formamide; 1mM EDTA; 7% SDS at a temperature of 50°C and a wash buffer consisting essentially of 0.5X SSC (150 mM NaCl; 15 mM Na Citrate); 0.1% SDS at 65°C.

13. A method of identifying lead compounds for a pharmacological agent useful in the diagnosis or treatment of disease, said method comprising the steps of:

forming a mixture comprising:

a Ksr according to claim 1,

a natural intracellular Ksr binding target, wherein said binding target is capable of specifically binding said Ksr, and

a candidate pharmacological agent;

incubating said mixture under conditions whereby, but for the presence of said candidate pharmacological agent, said Ksr selectively binds said binding target at a first binding affinity;

detecting a second binding affinity of said Ksr to said binding target,

wherein a difference between said first and second binding affinity indicates that said candidate pharmacological agent is a lead compound for a pharmacological agent capable of modulating Ksr-dependent signal transduction.

14. A method according to claim 14, wherein said Ksr binding target comprises a 14-3-3 gene product.

15. A method according to claim 14, wherein said Ksr binding target comprises a Ksr protein.

16. A method of identifying lead compounds for a pharmacological agent useful in the diagnosis or

treatment of disease, said method comprising the steps of:

forming a mixture comprising:

a Ksr according to claim 1,

a substrate, wherein Ksr is capable of specifically phosphorylating said substrate, and

a candidate pharmacological agent;

5 incubating said mixture under conditions whereby, but for the presence of said candidate pharmacological agent, said Ksr selectively phosphorylates said substrate at a first rate;

detecting a second rate of phosphorylation of said substrate by said Ksr,

wherein a difference between said first and second rate indicates that said candidate  
10 pharmacological agent is a lead compound for a pharmacological agent capable of modulating Ksr kinase activity.

17. A method according to claim 16 wherein said Ksr substrate comprises a 14-3-3 gene product..

18. A method according to claim 16 wherein said Ksr substrate comprises a Ksr protein.

15 19. A vector comprising a nucleic acid according to claim 5 operably linked to a transcription regulatory region not naturally lined to a Ksr-encoding gene.

20. A host cell comprising a vector according to claim 19.

20 21. A method of making a Ksr protein, said method comprising incubating a cell according to claim 20.

22. A recombinant isolated Ksr protein produced by a cell according to claim 20.

25 23. A recombinant isolated Ksr protein according to claim 22, wherein said cell is a mammalian cell, an avian cell, an insect cell, a fungal cell, an amphibian cell or a fish cell.